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TWELVE PAGES — ONE RIYAL

Summit Oct. 6

Begin to adhere to own M.E. plan

TEL AVIV, Aug. 27 (Agencies) — The Israeli government Sunday completed its preparations for next month's Middle East summit and Prime Minister Menachem Begin made clear he would not be presenting any fresh alternatives to his controversial peace plan.

Sunday's cabinet meeting was the last before Begin and his aides leave for the Camp David summit with Egyptian President Anwar Sadat and President Carter starting Sept. 5.

The cabinet agreed to send Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan, Defense Minister Ezer Weizman and a team of officials with Begin.

Speaking to reporters after the four-hour meeting, Begin said: "The delegation of Israel to the Camp David conference will endeavor to reach an agreement between the parties."

He said the delegation would submit its plan for the conclusion of peace treaties between Israel and its neighbors, but he made clear in reply to a question that he had prepared no alternative to his peace plan granting limited autonomy to more than a million Palestinians in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.

President Sadat rejected the Begin plan last year.

Speaking of Israel's recent pledge to discuss the question of sovereignty over the West Bank and Gaza at the end of five years, Begin appeared to cast doubt on the possibility that such discussions could result in the return of Arab sovereignty to the area.

Asked whether the discussions would include the possibility of foreign sovereignty, Begin said: "No, what we suggest is autonomy."

Asked by reporters how discussion of sovereignty could exclude the question of foreign sovereignty, he replied: "If anybody suggests foreign sovereignty then we shall discuss our sovereignty. In our peace plan we said obviously and clearly that Israel has a right to demand sovereignty in

Judea and Samaria (the West Bank) and the Gaza Strip."

Asked whether he was prepared to abandon Israel's claim to sovereignty over the West Bank, Begin replied: "No, why should we?"

"We have a good plan which we shall present.... We have no alternatives to this plan," Begin said.

If there will be any problem of formulation, we shall look into it, listen to it and take decisions according to today's cabinet decision," he added.

The prime minister said he would discuss new formulations within its plan if a party to the summit conference requested this, but he appeared unwilling to contemplate any significant changes.

Foreign Minister Dayan's offer last month to discuss the sovereignty issue was hailed in Israel at the time as a significant step forward.

Earlier Sunday, a cabinet crisis was averted when Deputy Prime Minister Yigael Yadin said he would rather stay in Israel to look after internal affairs than attend the summit.

Begin's intention to include Yadin in his team had drawn threats from the second largest partner in the coalition government, the National Religious Party (NRP), which demanded that one of its members also be in the delegation.

A break-up of Yadin's Democratic Movement for Change last week left him with only seven seats in Israel's 120-member Knesset (parliament).

NRP officials had said that including Yadin while leaving the NRP leader, Interior Minister Yosef Borok, at home could lead to a government crisis.

Begin and his two top ministers will be accompanied to the summit by Attorney-General Aharon Barak, Gen. Abraham Amir, head of the planning division at general headquarters, Israeli ambassador to the United States Simcha Diniz and other officials.

Begin said the Camp David (Continued on back page)



NEW CABINET: Iran's new Prime Minister Jafar Sharif-Emami (second from right) introduces his cabinet to the Shah of Iran Sunday. (Wirephoto)

Clashes die down

Sniping empties Beirut area

BEIRUT, Aug. 27 (Agencies) — Sniper fire Sunday emptied the streets of an eastern district of Beirut as fighting north and south of the battered capital was reported to have died down.

Residents of the district of Ain Rummaneh reported that one man was wounded as sniper fire which erupted at dawn intensified during the day.

According to local accounts, rightist militiamen in Ain Rummaneh also engaged in sporadic exchanges of machinegun fire with Syrian troops in neighboring Shiyah.

Militia officials said calm returned to the village of Kour, about 40 kilometers north of Beirut, after two days of fighting which pitted right-wing forces against Syrian troops of the Arab League peace force which is trying to police the Lebanese civil war truce.

Saturday night, the radio station of the right-wing Phalange Party said 65 people were killed in Saturday's fighting in the rugged mountains overlooking the Mediterranean coast.

Independent confirmation of the casualty toll was not available.

There was no fresh word on violence in the unruly South, where Israeli-backed rightists Saturday night were reported to have bombarded a village 14 kilometers north of the sensitive frontier with Israel.

According to the Palestinian News Agency, Wafa, rightist militiamen controlling a wide strip of territory along the border pounded the village of Aysheh with heavy artillery through most of the night. There were no reports of casualties.

Meanwhile, the Lebanese government announced it would send Foreign and Defense Minister Fuad Boutros to Syria Monday for talks on the problems troubling Lebanon, where hundreds of people have died since the 1975-76 civil war ended — at least in theory — with the entry of the peace force.

Composed almost exclusively of Syrian regulars, the force has been locked in a series of increasingly bloody battles with militiamen of the two major right-wing parties. They draw their support from the Christian population and consider

the Syrians an army of occupation.

The right-wing military activity Saturday night on widely separated fronts further fuelled speculation in Beirut that Lebanon was heading for another round of major bloodshed before next month's Middle East summit meeting in President Carter's summer retreat of Camp David.

Lebanon's ambassador to the United Nations, Ghassan Tuclni, mirrored such fears Sunday in an interview with the English-language weekly "Monday Morning."

Asked to comment on predictions that there might be an "explosion" in Lebanon before the Camp David summit of President Carter and the leaders of Israel and Egypt, Tuclni said Lebanon could well be used as a playground for the Middle East "game of nations."

There has been persistent speculation here that Israel, by way of Lebanese rightist allies, might be planning to blow up the situation in Lebanon to

deflect attention from Prime Minister Menachem Begin's apparent unwillingness to make concessions to revive Middle East peace talks.

"One can envision a number of scenarios," Tuclni was quoted as saying. "The most obvious is that the Israelis will want to lead the Syrian army into a trap."

"The Israelis could create a minor war... in South Lebanon and change the focus of Camp David. This happened before Begin's visit to Washington last March," he added.

Last March, Israel sent about 20,000 troops across the Lebanese border in a "fast air, land and sea attack" on Palestinian commando strongholds in Southern Lebanon. The invasion army withdrew three months later and turned the vital area along the Israeli border over to Israel's rightist allies.

Meanwhile a Damascus radio commentary said Sunday Syria (Continued on back page)

Britain seeks reduction in M.E. embassies staff

LONDON, Aug. 27 (Agencies) — Britain has initiated talks with some Middle East embassies to cut down the size of their diplomatic missions, Foreign Secretary David Owen said Sunday.

Appearing on Independent Television's "Face the Press" program, Owen said Britain "is prepared to take any action that's necessary to keep the fighting off the streets of London that we've seen in the last few weeks, which is utterly deplorable."

Eight Arabs have been assassinated in inter-Arab feuding in the British capital since 1977, including Palestine Liberation Organization representative Said Hamami who was shot dead in his Mayfair office last Jan. 5.

An Israeli El Al airline crew bus was attacked outside the Europa Hotel Aug. 20

and an El Al stewardess and one of the gunmen died in the violence.

A splinter group labelling itself the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine—Special Operations, claimed responsibility for the London assault.

Owen was asked what measures the British government could take to stop the alleged use of privileged diplomatic bags to smuggle weapons into Britain.

"There is quite a lot to do," said the foreign secretary. "As far as the diplomatic bag is concerned, I think we can exaggerate it, but there is a potential for weakness in our security system there."

"I think we will have to look at the whole question of the very large embassies that some of the Arab countries

(Continued on back page)

Islamic principles stressed

Sharif-Emami named Iran prime minister

TEHRAN, Aug. 27 (Agencies) — The Shah of Iran Sunday appointed a new government and told them Islamic religious principles should get top priority.

The Shah's aim in replacing Prime Minister Jamshid Amouzegar with Senate President Jafar Sharif-Emami appeared to be to appease conservative Islamic leaders who are among the alleged instigators of anti-government riots in major towns this year.

After appointing Sharif-Emami, a 63-year-old elder statesman, the Shah said the new 22-man cabinet should pay attention to removing the problems of Iran's 34 million people.

"The grandeur of Islamic principles should get top priority," he said in remarks broadcast by the national radio.

The new government at once made some moves to meet religious demands, announcing that the imperial, Achaemenian calendar introduced in Iran two years ago would be immediately replaced by the Islamic solar calendar in force before.

The government also announced creation of a ministry of religious affairs to administer revenues from endowed properties for the benefit of theological schools and mosques.

The Shah on Sunday dismissed his private physician, Gen. Abdul Karim Ayadi, who had drawn Muslim wrath because he belongs to the Bahai sect. Also dismissed were Gen. Kazem Kattozian, Gen. Hahimullah Shojai and Gen. Maniel, but it could not be immediately confirmed that they were dismissed for religious reasons.

Late Sunday, the prime minister also ordered all gambling casinos shut down, including casinos owned by the Shah's charitable foundation.

Sharif-Emami said his government, which includes six ministers from Amouzegar's year-old technocratic government, would "create an atmosphere of reconciliation among all classes of the people."

A government statement urged all Iranians to rally round the country and the constitution, under the teachings of Islam and the Holy Koran, because "the homeland is in danger."

It declared as principles respect for the rites of Shia Islam, the official religion, and the Muslim clergy, freedom of elections and legal political parties, and said the government would launch a war on corruption and luxury.

This statement, and the Shah's stress on religious principles, appeared clear moves to calm down the religious fervor which has fuelled some of the anti-government unrest.

More than 30 people have died this year in anti-government rioting in Iran which continued Saturday in several towns.

The riots reached a climax eight days ago when 377 people lost their lives in a fire deliberately started in a cinema in the western city of Abadan.

The Abadan fire and angry anti-government demonstrations in the city in subsequent days apparently sparked Amouzegar's resignation.

His government had achieved a drop in inflation, from 30 per cent a year to eight per cent last month, at the expense of economic growth and investment.

Many observers saw public dissatisfaction at the effects of the economic slowdown as a major factor in this year's disturbances, which the authorities blamed on Communist and religious extremists opposed to the Shah's rule.

Sharif-Emami who comes from a clerical family, was expected to give priority to patching up official relations with Iran's influential Islamic clergy, and informed sources said he had held a meeting two days ago with some of them.

He also held talks Saturday with some of the small but vocal opposition in parliament, according to an independent M.P., Ahmad Bani Ahmad.

Opposition leader Karim Sanjabi welcomed Sharif-Emami's pledge, but said, "we must wait and see how he will fulfill his commitments." Other opposition leaders also took a wait-and-see position.

Iran's newest political party, the "Democratic Party of Iran"

proclaimed Sunday by its founder, Javad Alamir Davaloo, demanded immediate release of political prisoners (excluding the terrorists), abolition of military tribunals and return of all exiled Iranian students or those blacklisted for staging anti-government demonstrations in Europe and in United States.

Many observers saw Sharif-Emami, who was premier for eight months in 1960-61, as a choice who the Shah believed could stabilize Iran's political climate before assembly elections next year which he has pledged will be completely free.

A devout Muslim, the tall, heavy-set, bespectacled Sharif-Emami is a grandson of a noted religious leader in the city of Isfahan. He holds an electrical engineering degree.

With his departure from the premiership Amouzegar was also expected to leave his concurrent job as secretary-general of the three-year-old official Rastakhiz (resurgence) Party.

The future of the party, recently criticized by the Shah as ineffective, was likely once again to be called into question, and some observers thought it might be disbanded.

'Tide is turning'

Eritreans hold firm; expect attack soon

KHARTOUM, Aug. 27 (R) — Guerrilla forces are still holding Ethiopian government forces north and east of the Eritrean capital of Asmara and expect to go on the offensive soon, a rebel spokesman said Sunday.

The spokesman for the Eritrean People's Liberation Front (EPLF) told reporters in Khartoum that the tide of war was about to change after a three-month drive which has brought the government army back to most of the main towns and roads of southern Eritrea.

"The Ethiopians will soon be on the defensive everywhere as we begin to take the military initiative," he added.

He said fighting continued Sunday on the road north of Asmara leading to the rebel-held mountain town of Keren where the EPLF says government forces lost more than 2,000 killed in the past two weeks trying to break through rebel lines. The EPLF said it had captured or destroyed 114 Soviet-supplied tanks.

The EPLF spokesman said government forces had also attacked guerrilla positions east of Asmara on the key road leading to the port of Massawa.

The Front judges these to be diversionary attempts to draw guerrillas from the Keren road. A spokesman for a second liberation movement, the Eri-

trean Liberation Front (ELF), also reported counter-attacks against the newly-arrived government columns.

He said ELF guerrillas launched attacks last Wednesday on government forces in the town of Mandefera and Adi Aquala on the road running south of Asmara to the Ethiopian heartland. No further details were known.

A spokesman for a third group, the Tigray People's Liberation Front (TPLF), which fights against government control in Tigray province just below Eritrea and co-operates with the two Eritrean groups, claimed one of its highest successes with the capture of a district capital last Monday.

He said TPLF guerrillas killed 25 policemen and peasant militiamen and took the rest of the 300-man force prisoner in a surprise attack on Abiyti town 70 km west of Makele, capital of Tigray province.

Reinforcements from a battalion of the Israeli-trained Nebelbal (flame brigade) were prevented from reaching the town in a three-hour ambush the following day in which a major identified as Gaotic Kassa was killed.

The spokesman said the guerrillas captured some armored vehicles and the town's armory.

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CRASH: Some of the crash during Sunday's Dutch Grand Prix (report on page 9) as Italy's Riccardo Patrese in an Arrows collided with Didier Pironi in a Tyrrell at the start of the race. The two drivers escaped unhurt. (Wirephoto)

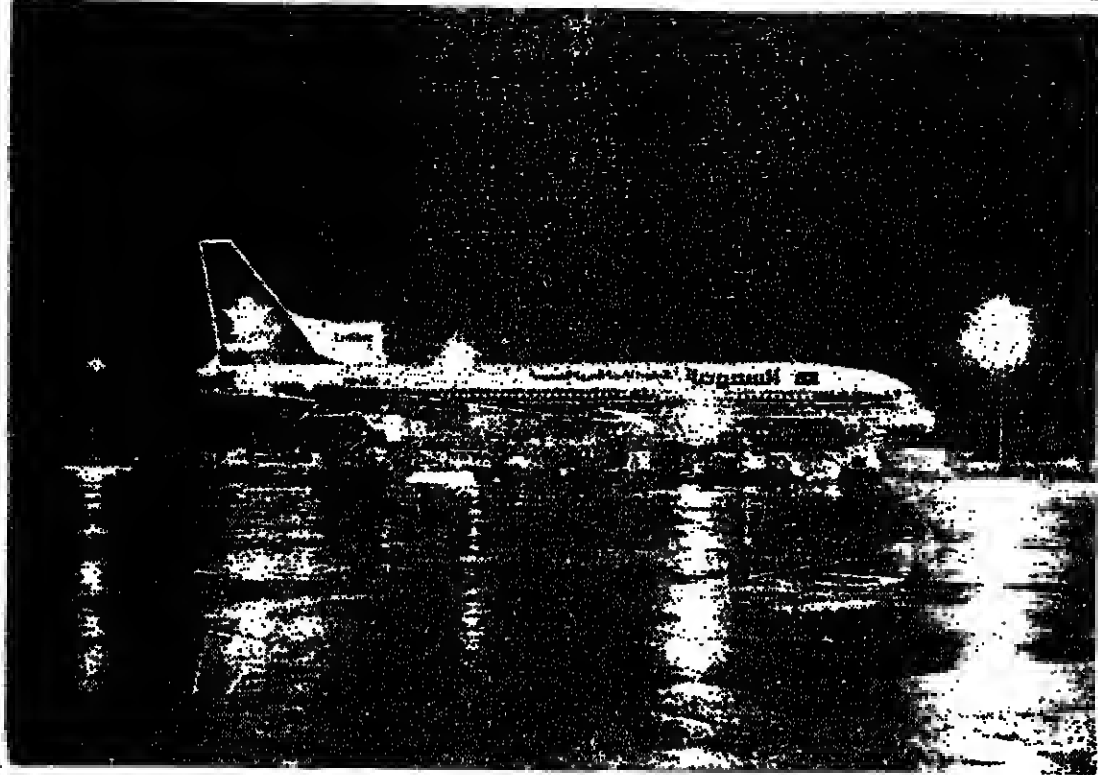
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Saudia continues to expand

JEDDAH, Aug. 27 (SPA) — Saudia carried 46 per cent more passengers over the last 12 months than during the previous period, the largest increase by an airline in the Middle East, it was announced Sunday.

Assessed by the volume of its cargo and passenger movements, Saudia is now among the 20 largest airline companies in the world.

Deputy Marketing Director Muhammad Al-Hassoun said that there were very few no-show passengers (a traditional problem for expanding airlines particularly in the Middle East) after Saudia set up three booking offices in Riyadh, Jeddah and Cairo to enable passengers to book and cancel more easily.

The airline is now able to cope with the various traffic peaks it now faces: the transport of foreign teachers for the summer vacation and the movement of holiday makers, Umrah visitors and deportees following the Kingdom's stricter attitude to illegal labor.

Hassoun said that about three million passengers had been transported between the

months of January and July.

Hassoun further said that the company had made adequate preparations for the return transport of passengers for the

Jeddah tries loud-hailer price control

JEDDAH, Aug. 27 — Jeddah Municipality's price control commissions have devised a new way to alert the public about the price they should pay for their daily purchases of fruit, vegetables and other food.

The commission's agents Saturday were using megaphones in downtown Bah Mecca to announce the official prices. "Okaz" newspaper reported in its Sunday edition.

It said that the measure had caused some irritation among shopkeepers and peddlers but seemed efficient and helpful.

start of the academic year and the pilgrimage season.

He added that the Saudia fleet, considered one of the largest and most technically efficient in the Middle East, comprised 54 airliners, including Boeing 737, 707, 747 and Tristars.

There are also light aircraft, part of Saudia's Special Flight Service, which operates special flights for government servants and charter flights to remote parts of the Kingdom.

The company has started to operate Boeing 747 Jumbo cargo jets between Saudi Arabia and the United States, for the transport of vital equipment for infrastructure projects.

In addition, a new Tristar route will be opened in November between Saudi Arabia and Stockholm, following the successful start of direct flights between the Kingdom and Athens.

The number of passengers Saudia will carry in 1978 is now estimated at seven million — a record for a Mideastern or African airline.

Confessed assassin executed in Riyadh

RIYADH, Aug. 27 (SPA) — Sultan ibn Fahd Al-Subaie was executed by beheading here Sunday, after confessing to the murder of a member of the Board of Religious Guidance.

The Governorate of Riyadh announced Sunday that on Aug. 23, Subaie slew Sultan ibn Muhammad Al-Duwaihi while he was on duty.

The assassin and his brother Ali were eating during the day (a time of fast) on the second floor of a build-

ing in the vegetable market in Manfouha.

When Sultan ibn Muhammad and his colleague Abdullah Al-Othman attempted to arrest them, Subaie stabbed Sultan ibn Muhammad to death. He confessed his crime which was later authenticated legally.

The announcement added that the case was submitted to the King who ordered the governorate to have Subaie decapitated. The royal order was carried out after the noon prayer in Justice Square.

Jordanian minister to pay 4-day visit

AMMAN, Aug. 27 (R) — Jordan's Interior Minister Sulaiman Arrar will pay a four-day visit to Saudi Arabia next month, it was announced here Sunday.

The announcement, carried by the official Jordan News Agency, said that the visit begins on September 16.

Saturday, Director of Jordan Television Muhammad Kamal arrived in Jeddah on a short visit.

He will discuss with Information Minister Dr. Muhammad Abdo Yamani the exchange of programs between Saudi and Jordanian television.

Islamic college forms new dept.

TAIF, Aug. 27 (SPA) — The Senate of Imam Muhammad ibn Saud Islamic University approved the university's closing budget in a meeting held Saturday, presided over by Sheikh Hassan Abdullah Al-Sheikh, minister of higher education and chancellor of universities. The Senate also approved the establishment of a department of Islamic economy at the School of Sharia.

Muslims asked to watch for new moon

TAIF, Aug. 27 (SPA) — The Supreme Council of the Judiciary has asked Muslims to watch out for the Shawwal crescent next Sunday which corresponds to Ramadan 30.

In an announcement Sunday, the council also said that anyone sighting the moon on the night of next Sunday should contact the nearest court for legal authentication.

The sighting of the crescent will mark the end of the fasting month.

Paper argues labor shortage most marked among unskilled

JEDDAH, Aug. 27 — The wages of unskilled workers are now approaching those of qualified manpower, according to a survey by "Al-Madina" newspaper, published Sunday.

Unskilled laborers are now earning as much as SR150 a day, the paper reports.

The fact that unskilled laborers can ask such wages is in marked contrast to the situation in the Kingdom three months ago, when it was skilled or semi-skilled labor that was at a premium.

But, the paper argues, since the deportation of illegal laborers, the shortage of unskilled labor has become acute.

The paper also said that casual laborers, mostly without papers or permits, who massed at such places in downtown Jeddah as the Bab Mecca for exploitation by contractors have now vanished.

It is contractors who now have to go hunting for labor, "Al-Madina" said.

The paper cited Ahmad Hamad Al-Yahya, director general of the Western Province's central Labor Office, as saying that the cost of unskilled labor will remain high as long as the supply remains scarce.

The problem arose when the authorities carried out the decision of the Interior Ministry to deport foreign workers who entered the country after December 1977 with visitor's or Umrah visas to find employment.

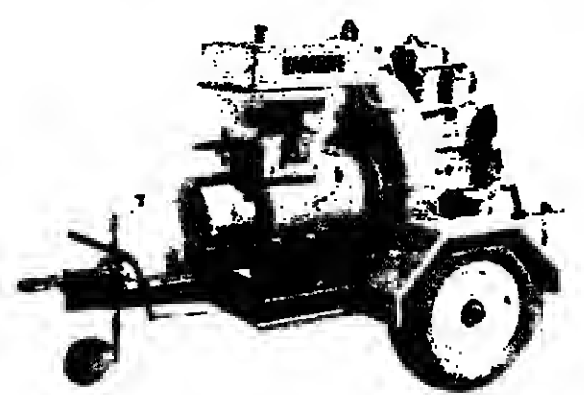
Yahya said that the deportation of the illegal aliens has caused a shortage in manpower, most noticeable in that sector of the construction industry that depends on casual labor.

But Yahya was hopeful that

the problem will be solved as soon as the special labor recruitment bureaux abroad are operational.

The offices will sponsor secure the entry of foreign workers into the country to their labor to temporary employers.

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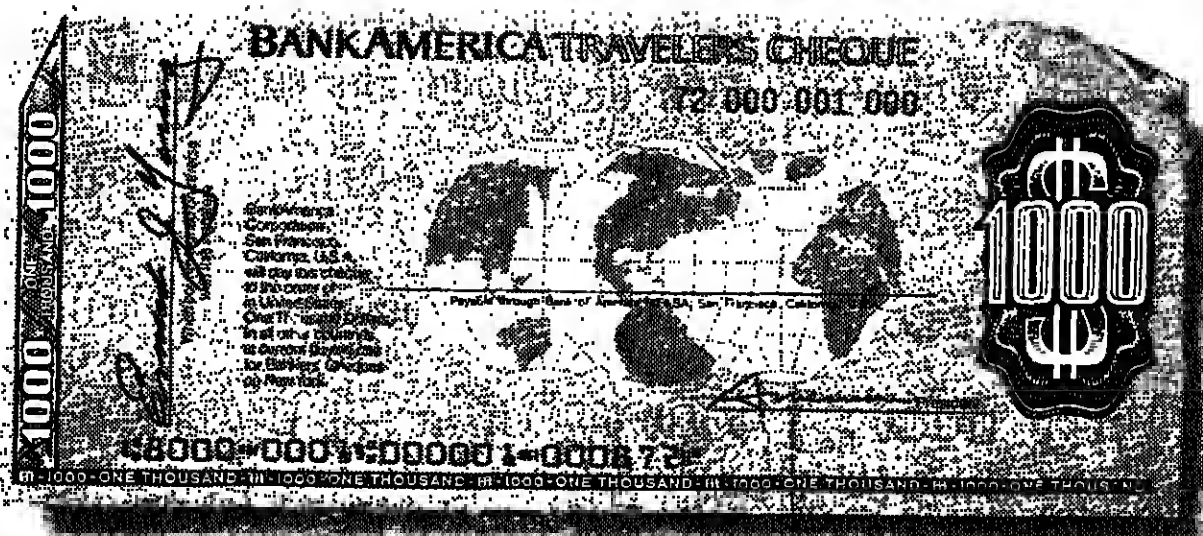
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10 killed or wounded

Bombs explode in Jerusalem

BEIRUT, Aug. 27 (AP)—Palestinian commandos were said to have planted a bomb which exploded, killing or wounding 10 Israelis.

The Palestine news agency Wafa said the blasts destroyed a tank truck.

In Jerusalem it was officially announced that an explosive charge went off "harmlessly" after removing it from the truck.

Israeli radio meanwhile said, an alert driver "prevented catastrophe" Sunday when he discovered a bomb attached to his fuel tanker as he was entering Jerusalem's fuel terminal, he said.

The driver and the terminal security officer "took the bomb to an open area outside the terminal and called police, but the bomb exploded before a police sapper arrived to dismantle it."

Police were checking the route taken by the tanker on its way to the terminal, the radio said.

It was the twentieth bomb incident in the past two weeks.

Authorities say Palestinians have stepped up resistance activity in Israel and the Israeli occupied Arab territories.

A second bomb was discovered Sunday outside the labor exchange in the town of Jerin in the West Bank of the Jor-

dan River earlier last week a firebomb was thrown at the Nabites Labor exchange.

Meanwhile, there were conflicting reports in Israeli newspapers regarding anticipated Palestinian attacks against Israeli settlements in the occupied Syrian Golan Heights on the eve of the Camp David summit.

Citing Lebanese sources, the "Haaretz" newspaper reported that Syrian President Hafez Assad and Palestinian Liberation Organization leader Yasser Arafat have agreed upon a renewal of Palestinian commando attacks against Israeli targets in the Golan Heights.

Israeli doctor to attend Cairo gynecological parley

TEL AVIV, Aug. 27 (AP)—The Egyptian government gave permission to an Israeli doctor to attend a gynecological conference in Cairo which will be sponsored by Jihan Sadat, the Egyptian president's wife, Israel radio reported Sunday.

Yoram Diamant, chairman of the International Organization for Gynecology, told Israel radio he did not know if

Syrian forces carry out war games

DAMASCUS, Aug. 27 (AP)—Syria ground and air forces tested their "offense capabilities" in war games Sunday, their second this week, the official Syrian Arab News Agency reported.

Assault formations penetrated simulated enemy defenses under air cover and behind a screen of artillery fire, the agency said.

Defense Minister Maj. Gen. Mustafa Tlas attended the operations which, the agency said, were "a complete success."

The assault units, in collaboration with tank rocket positions, managed to smash an enemy counterattack and occupy vast tracts in enemy territory," the agency added.

Last Wednesday Tlas supervised drill exercise in which the forces "prompt reaction" to a simulated blitzkrieg was tested.

5,000 Cuban soldiers said shipped to Aden

CAIRO, Aug. 27 (R)—About 5,000 Cuban soldiers with their arms and equipment were carried to Aden, South Yemen, last week by Soviet warships, "October" weekly magazine said here Sunday.

The troops, with their tanks, were immediately stationed on the borders with North Yemen, the magazine said, quoting unidentified "latest reports."

Differences between the two neighboring countries reached

a low ebb after the assassination last June of the North Yemeni President Ahmed Hussein al-Ghashmi. North Yemen accused the South Yemeni leadership of killing President Ghashmi.

The magazine quoting an Arab official source said efforts were under way among Arab countries to form a reconciliatory committee to end the conflict between the two countries. It did not elaborate.

Jordan takes measures

Four new cholera cases reported in south Iraq

BAGHDAD, Aug. 27 (AP)—Four new cholera cases were discovered in two southern Iraqi provinces Sunday, bringing the total confirmed cases in Iraq to 50 since an outbreak last month.

The Iraqi News Agency said other provinces were free from cholera and there had been no deaths from the disease.

Arab radios also reported Sunday that the number of cholera cases in Bahrain has risen to 45 since the disease was first discovered there in Aug. 10.

In addition, there were 26 suspected cholera cases, but no deaths have been reported, the Bahrain Health Ministry was quoted as saying.

In Amman the Anti-Cholera Higher Committee in Jordan Sunday decided to launch a nation-wide campaign aimed at briefing the people on how to combat cholera and prevent it from entering the country. The committee, which com-

prises the undersecretaries of several ministries, met in Amman to see what precautionary measures could be taken as reports have established that the disease has broken out in at least two Arab countries—Bahrain and Iraq.

The undersecretary of the ministry of health and chairman of the higher committee Dr. Rizk al-Rashid told reporters after the meeting that the campaign would be launched in cooperation with the ministries of information, religious endowments (waqf) and the ministry of municipal and rural affairs.

The Jordan News Agency quoted Dr. Rashid as saying that seminars and lectures on cholera would be televised and broadcast. Speakers in mosques would stress the dangers of the disease and the ministry of municipalities and rural affairs would issue pamphlets cautioning the public of the disease and instructing them how to combat it.

Pakistani party demands lifting of martial law

Oman bans building near strategic sites

KARACHI, Aug. 27 (AP)—The Pakistan People's Party group headed by the wife of former Prime Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto demanded Sunday the lifting of martial law and the restoration of the constitution and rule of law.

Bhutto is in jail while he appeals his death sentence in the murder of a political rival, and his wife, Nusrat, is deputizing for him as party chairman.

Mrs. Bhutto, however, has been under house arrest in Islamabad since early this year under a martial law regulation aimed at restraining politicians from activities "prejudicing the security of the state and maintenance of law and order."

Members of the PPP Central Committee met in Islamabad and took resolutions on various aspects of the country's life since the armed forces overthrew Bhutto in July 1977 and imposed martial law.

One resolution demanded the release of Mrs. Bhutto and all other political detainees.

Another asked the government to restore civil courts. The party demanded that general elections be held immediately, but in any case before the end of the term of Pakistan's head of government, Gen. Muhammad Zia-ul-Haq, announced last Wednesday that national elections would be held by October 1979.

The party also asked the government to stop present proceedings in several civilian and military courts in connection with alleged financial and other irregularities by Bhutto, his ministers and PPP leaders.

Persons found guilty of corruption are being banned from taking part in politics or elections for the next seven years. The party feels many of its leaders will be disqualified as a result of current trials, and it will be difficult for remaining members to win in future elections.

The PPP also demanded a 50 per cent wage raise for industrial labor, and release of all journalists and newspaper workers arrested recently while demanding greater press freedom and better wages.

nounced last Wednesday that national elections would be held by October 1979.

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MUSCAT, Aug. 27 (R)—Oman has banned all building near military and defense sites in a move to strengthen security.

A government decree banned any new building or installation within 400 meters of any building belonging to head of state Sultan Qaboos Bin Said, the armed forces or the ministry of defense.

The decree said the new rules were intended to provide additional security for the camps and installations of the armed forces.

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Turkish army chief to pay visit to Libya

ANKARA, Aug. 27 (R)—Turkey's armed forces chief Gen. Kenan Evren will pay an official visit to the Libyan Jamahiriya starting on Thursday, Prime Minister Bulent Ecevit said.

Ecevit told reporters that his government attached great importance to Turkey's relations with the Libyan Jamahiriya and to Gen. Evren's forthcoming visit.

Carter sends Tito message on Mideast

BELGRADE, Aug. 27 (AP)—U.S. President Jimmy Carter has sent a message to President Tito concerning the Middle East situation and the three-party summit meeting in the United States as well as other international issues, the Yugoslav news agency Tanjug reported Sunday.

Tanjug said the message was delivered Sunday by Shur Wortsep, U.S. charge d'affaires in Belgrade to Budimir Loncar, undersecretary to the foreign ministry.

Details of the message were not disclosed.

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Greek, Turkish unions urge Cyprus solution

ISTANBUL, Aug. 27 (AP)—Representatives of Turkish and Greek metal industry unions Sunday urged a quick solution to humanitarian issues on war-divided Cyprus.

Their call was incorporated in a joint statement issued at the end of a two-day meeting held in Izmir, on the Aegean coast, under the sponsorship of the International Metal Workers Federation based in Geneva.

Spokesmen for both unions stressed the Izmir session was a follow-up to an initial meeting undertaken in Geneva a while ago.

The joint communique stressed the need for "a rapid resolution of several humanitarian problems that still persist on" Cyprus after the Turkish invasion of 1974.

It also pledged to "consult all democratic powers, political parties, authorities and governments" of concerned nations "to help revive the stalled talks."

The document also contained an accord to exchange unionists between the two labor bodies to produce a better understanding between the workers of Turkey and Greece.

M.E. Briefs

●MOSCOW: American businessman Francis J. Crawford, wound up a long and grueling interrogation session Sunday accompanied by his appointed Soviet lawyer and was told to return on Monday. It was the executive's seventh questioning session at the prison in connection with charges he allegedly bought Soviet rubles for U.S. dollars at black market rates. The employee of International Harvester has repeatedly denied the charges. Sources close to the situation said Crawford underwent morning and afternoon rounds of questioning. Sources say the Soviets want to put him on trial "in the very near future."

●MANAGUA: Nicaragua's business leaders met Sunday to discuss whether to support a national strike aimed at ousting President Anastasio Somoza. Their decision may be crucial to the success of the strike against the 52-year-old general, whose family have ruled the central American country for 45 years. The strike follows a heavy blow against the government last

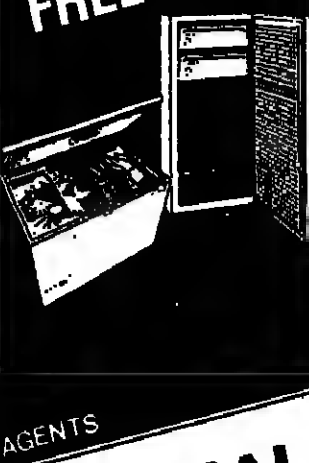
week when left-wing guerrillas successfully attacked the national palace Nicaragua's seat of congress.

●ANKARA: A nine-man Turkish delegation has left for Athens for more talks aimed at solving Turkey's dispute with Greece over air space rights above the Aegean. The foreign ministry said the talks, due to start on Monday, will be a continuation of those held in Istanbul last month and prepare for the next meeting of the secretaries-general of the two foreign ministries in September.

●NEW DELHI: Indian scientists reported Friday there is no evidence of radioactive leakage from the plutonium-powered monitoring device which was planted by a U.S.-India team in the Himalayas in 1965. The finding was based on silt, water and air samples taken from the upper reaches of the River Ganges near Nanda Devi, the peak on which the device was lost in an avalanche, a panel of experts told a parliamentary committee which included Prime Minister Morarji Desai.

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South Africa admits mounting hot pursuit raid into Zambia

WINDHOEK, Aug. 27 (R) — South Africa says it had staged a hot pursuit raid into Zambia and wiped out the SWAPO guerrillas who last Wednesday bombed its troops in Namibia.

Ten South African soldiers were killed, Pretoria's heaviest loss in a single bush war clash.

In the first official admission of the raid, South African military commander Maj. Jan Geldenhuys said Saturday night his troops completed the operation successfully and put guerrilla bases responsible for the attack out of action.

Talks on calling an urgent Security Council meeting on the incident were cancelled in New York Saturday when the United Nations said Zambia had decided not to press for a debate.

Zambia said it wanted more

Gunmen fire on Irish wedding party

DUBLIN, Aug. 27 (AP) — Three gunmen opened fire on a wedding party Saturday as they posed for their picture at Trim, 40 kilometers from Dublin. The groom, a British officer, was seriously wounded. A woman guest at the wedding, which had ended only minutes before, was slightly wounded. The bride, 21-year-old Jacqueline Johnson, collapsed and was treated for shock. The life of the groom, Garry Cass, was not in danger. He is a lieutenant in his early 20s.

There was no confirmation who was responsible for the shooting, but speculation naturally centered on the IRA.

time to assess the situation. The African group of states had called for a meeting to deal with alleged South African aggression.

Geldenhuys said South African troops retaliated immediately after guerrillas started a two-hour rocket and heavy artillery bombardment of Katima Mulilo.

Geldenhuys said no physical attack was made on Zambian positions, which he said had not fired on South African military positions.

"I can now announce that the hot pursuit operation has

been successfully completed and that weapons and ammunition have been seized and that terrorist bases have been cleaned up to ensure the safety of the local population," he said.

"I am also satisfied that the gang of the (SWAPO leader Sam) Nujoma faction who was responsible for the attack has been eradicated."

He said sporadic fire continued for a few hours, most of it from fortified Zambian positions, which South African troops were forced to evacuate.

U.S. tycoon: Brezhnev eager for Carter talks

LONDON, Aug. 27 (R) — American business tycoon Armand Hammer who Friday met Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev for three hours has said the Kremlin leader was eager for an early meeting with President Carter.

Hammer, chairman of Occidental Petroleum, told a news conference Saturday. "Brezhnev was glad to find there has been progress on the SALT (strategic arms limitation) talks and is anxious to meet Carter when they are concluded."

"He hoped this would be before the end of the year."

Hammer added that he assumed any meeting would only take place if the SALT talks led to an agreement between the two countries.

"Both men want to meet so I guess the meeting will take place."

He was in the Soviet Union to attend the opening of a chemical storage facility at the

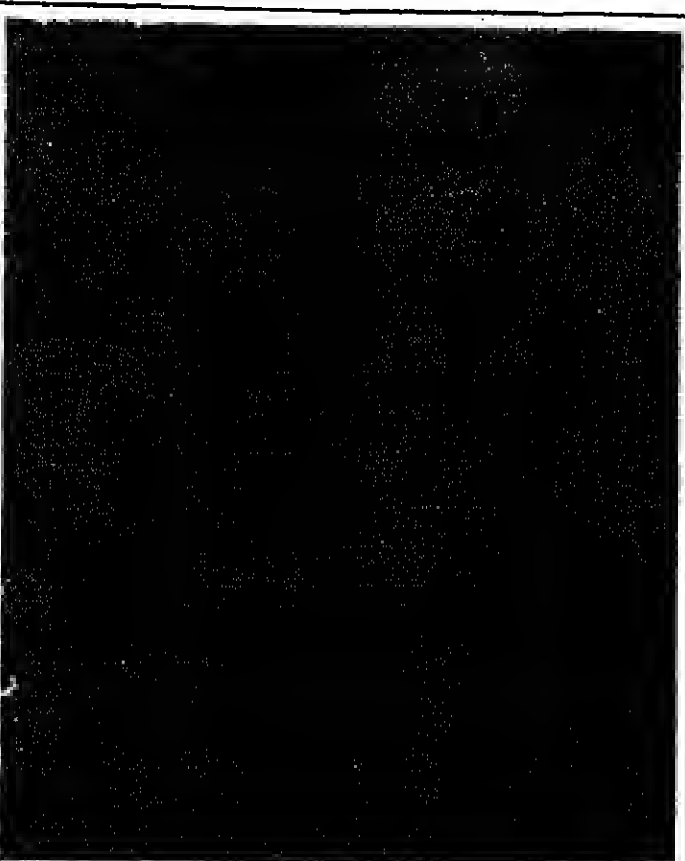
Black Sea port of Grigoryevka. The project is part of a \$20 billion contract under which Hammer's company is buying Soviet ammonia in exchange for super-phosphoric acid.

"I found him in excellent health. I have never seen him looking better," Hammer said.

He said Brezhnev was deeply disturbed by bars on U.S. trade with Russia, imposed by Carter because of recent trials of Soviet dissidents.

"He felt that it was in the nature of an economic blockade... but if they (the Russians) did not get things from the Americans they would get them from other countries."

But he said Brezhnev did not indicate where the Soviet Tass news agency would look for the computer it needs for the 1980 Moscow Olympics. Carter has barred the Sperry Univac company from meeting the order.



SELLING CIGARETTES: A Vietcong man, dressed in cast-off U.S. Army shirt and hat, sells cigarettes near the central market of the former capital of South Vietnam, Saigon. A U.S. congressional team, which toured the city as part of a six-day mission to Vietnam and Laos, left Saturday.

Congress body urges law to shield press

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27 (R) — A Congressional committee has recommended enactment of new legislation to curb the impact of a recent Supreme Court decision that allowed police to search for evidence in newspaper offices.

The House of Representatives Committee on Government Operations Committee supported news media concern that the decision infringed on constitutional guarantees of a free press, could subject newspaper offices to harassment by law enforcers and could threaten the confidentiality of news sources.

The Supreme Court ruled in a California case last May that it was legal for police to obtain a search warrant to enter a newspaper office to look for pictures taken by a staff photographer, even though the newspaper and its staff were not suspected of any crime. The case grew out of a Stanford University Hospital de-

monstration in 1971 where a photographer for a student newspaper, the "Stanford Daily," took pictures of the confrontation between police and demonstrators.

The committee, which held hearings on the issue, said new legislation should include these principles:

—To obtain a warrant, police would have to show reasonable cause that a subpoena or request for evidence would result in the removal or destruction of the evidence.

—Protection of the right of privacy in cases of this type should extend to all citizens, not just the news media or those possessing professional privilege, such as doctors.

The committee said that Congress had the power to restrict use of search warrants by Federal law enforcement agencies, adding that such legislation could also serve as a model for the states.

Janata aides to be charged over minister's son kidnap

NEW DELHI, Aug. 27 (R) — Two prominent Indian political officials will appear in court on Monday accused of abducting the son of Defense Minister Jagjivan Ram.

The two men — K.C. Tyagi, general secretary of the ruling Janata Party's youth wing, and Om Pal Singh, leader of a northern Indian farmers' organization — are accused of abducting the minister's son, Suresh Kumar, and his friend in New Delhi last weekend.

Suresh claimed in a complaint to police he and the girl were taken at gunpoint to a large house outside Delhi and forced to write defamatory letters.

He also claims that he was beaten up.

The significance of the new development is that Defense Minister Ram, who had previously managed to keep out of a growing squabble within the Janata Party leadership, has now been drawn into the spotlight of controversy through the alleged incident involving his son.

Ram, now rated number two man in the cabinet in the absence of ousted Home Minister Charan Singh, told newsmen that he believed his son had been "framed."

He said the whole incident had been politically motivated and was pure invention.

Political writers in Indian newspapers noted that the two arrested men were supporters of Singh, who was dismissed by Prime Minister Morarji Desai after mounting a campaign

of criticism against Desai's leadership.

There has been no letup in Singh's attacks on Desai. Should Desai stand down his natural successor would have been Ram.

But with this new scandal bursting on the Delhi scene his position has also now become questionable.

At least one newspaper, the "Indian Express," said Indian politics had taken its meanest "nosedive" yet.

It particularly criticized former Health Minister Raj Narain who Friday night protest-

ed against the arrest of the men as they left his house.

The "Express" said N. dismissed with Singh by prime minister, has regaled press with "salacious details about the involvement of defense minister's son."

Miss Sushma Chaudhry, student at Delhi University, the girl who was abducted Saturday made a statement for a magistrate corroborating the complaint filed by friend Suresh Kumar, 1 son. (In northern India, do not necessarily take fathers' names.)

'Great screen lover'

Charles Boyer, 78, die

PHOENIX, Arizona, Aug. 27 (R) — Charles Boyer, the French-born actor with the big brown eyes whose roles as Hollywood's "great screen lover" fluttered the hearts of a generation of females, is dead.

He collapsed from what doctors thought was a heart attack at his home here Saturday — just before his 79th birthday. A post mortem was to be held Sunday.

Boyer, who never lost the French accent that made women filmgoers of the 1930s swoon over him like the fans of Rudolph Valentino 10 years earlier, starred in more than 50 films.

He appeared opposite Hollywood leading ladies Jean Harlow, Claudette Colbert, Bette Davis and Hayworth.

But he always insisted he never said on screen line that was attributed to a million times: "Come me to the casbah" invitation to Hedy Lamarr in "Algiers."

"The line was entirely creation of a press agent it has plagued me ever I can remember," he said.

He left Hollywood in and moved back to his France. The news that he in Arizona came as a surprise to the U.S. film community.

Boyer, who started his career on the French stage and French silent films, went to wood in 1933. His first successful film was "private" with Miss Colbert.

He was nominated for five wood Oscars as best actor in his roles in "Algiers," "quest," "Gaslight" and "nie."

Isabel Peron said transferred from navy base to house arrest

BUENOS AIRES, Aug. 27 (AP) — The military government has transferred former President Isabel Peron from a guarded navy base bungalow and put her under house arrest at one of her late husband's weekend retreats, military sources said.

The move — Mrs. Peron's third since the armed forces overthrew and arrested her in March 1976 — gave her a walled enclosure in which to walk outdoors, but did not

change the status of five corruption charges on which she is being tried.

Nevertheless, the military sources said, the transfer Saturday signalled greater "flexibility" by the regime in the face of demands by the Peronist movement for the freeing of its imprisoned leaders.

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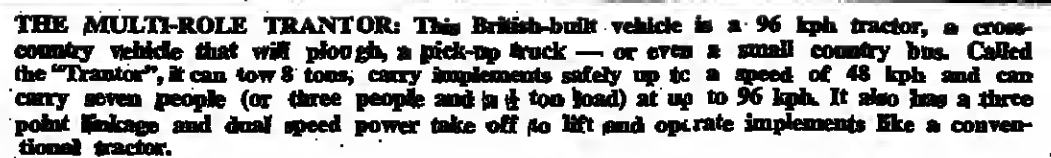
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U.S. postal dispute

Mallorca's airport closed international traffic

Mallorca's airport closed international traffic

Officials added the airport was closed because the tarmac was clogged with planes. They said 26 flights at the airport had been diverted to other airports of the region in Spain.



Carter urges Congress to pass gas pricing bill

Congress's failure to pass Carter's energy proposals was a source of embarrassment to him at last month's Bonn economic summit attended by the Western industrialized nations and Japan.

democrat and Republican senators described the compromise as unworkable and announced

Oil struck in Vietnam's Mekong Delta

The officials indicated that Vietnam might soon approach foreign companies which had expressed interest in the possibility of exploration.

Money deposits in Jordan up \$350 million

They stood at 368,631,000 dinars (about \$1,106 million) in June compared with 251,725,000 (about \$680 million) in June 1971, the agency added.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

Opening Sunday	Cash	Transfer
U.S. Dollar	3.35	3.35
Pound Sterling	6.50	6.47
Deutsche Mark (100)	166.75	166.25
Swiss F (100)	—	200.00
French F (100)	76.50	76.25
Italiano Lira (1000)	4.12	4.05
Lebanese Lira (100)	114.50	113.25
Syrian Lira (100)	83.00	86.50
Egyptian Pound	4.85	4.83
Kuwaiti Dinar	—	12.25
Jordanian Dinar	11.25	11.15
Emirates Dirham (100)	87.00	87.25
Omani Riyal (100)	87.00	87.25
Bahraini Dinar	8.70	8.72
Iraqi Dinar	10.50	—
Iranian Riyal (100)	47.50	47.75
Yemeni Riyal (100)	—	47.00
South Yemeni Dinar	—	—
Moroccan Dirham (100)	78.25	84.25
Indian Rupee (100)	—	41.50
Pakistani Rupee (100)	—	34.00
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Economic Briefs

remains in effect in one of the largest cities in the nation and that in the south, streets are being patrolled by reinforced police and army united after clashes between demonstrators and authorities resulted in dead and wounded.

Saudi Arabian Government Tenders

Authority	Description	No. of Tender	Price SR	Closing Date
* Ministry of Communications	Supply and installation of a lift at the ministry's building in Riyadh	xx	200	Sept. 30
* Air Force Headquarters	Office furniture	9/98/99	150	Sept. 24
* Department of Water and Drainage, Riyadh	Maintenance of airconditioners	9	100	Sept. 23
* " " "	Securing of oil and servicing of vehicles	10	50	Sept. 26
* " " "	Securing of vehicles	11	100	Sept. 30
* " " "	Annual maintenance work	12	150	Oct. 1
* Ministry of Education	Maintenance, operation and repairs of power generators at the schools for 78/79	13M	500	Nov. 25
* Saudi Arabian Airlines Tenders Department	Electrical installations for computer machines at Saudia building in Jeddah	xx	50	Sept. 10
* Directorate of Health Affairs, Medina	Construction of power transformer station for Yanho hospital	xx	xx	Sept. 30
* Ministry of Education	Building of secondary schools Model 1, comprising 27 classrooms in different areas	12M	3000	Oct. 28
* Municipality of Hail	Construction of municipality's slaughter-house	xx	200	Sept. 17
* Municipality of Tabuk	Securing of fuel and lubrication of vehicles and machinery	xx	30	Aug. 26
* Municipality of Khaiber	Illumination of streets with suspension lamps	1-98/99	20	Sept. 11
* Governorate of Al-Jauf	Construction of an annexe to the governor's building	2	1500	Sept. 26
* Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs	Fencing of a rural graveyard under the Municipality of Hail	26-96/97	200	Oct. 9
* " " "	Fencing of two graveyards in Al-Bangiyah and Al-Melah in Al-Shamasiyah	"	450	Oct. 10
* " " "	Fencing of two graveyards in Al-Rabiyah village in Al-Shamasiyah	"	300	Oct. 10
* Governorate of Assir	Office furniture	1/98/99	Free	Sept. 16
* " " "	Household furniture	2/98/99	Free	Sept. 17
* " " "	Maintenance equipment	3/98/99	Free	Sept. 18
* " " "	Stationery	4/98/99	Free	Sept. 19
* Directorate of Health Affairs, Medina	Supplying power to the new storehouses of Al-Hamiyat hospital	xx	xx	Sept. 23
* Municipality of Al-Hasa	Sanitation work in Hofuf and Al-Mahraz and affiliated villages	2	2000	Oct. 1
* Ministry of Agriculture and Water	Securing of insecticides to combat locusts	1-4	xx	Sept. 10



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4	SINCERE TRAOER	VENUS	PLYWOOD IRON/GEN.	26/8
5	LAERES	ALATAS	GEN. CONTAINERS	31/8
6	AL MUBARAKIAH	KANOO	STEELS & CONTAINERS	26/8
7	TRIFELS	ALIREZA	GEN. CONTAINERS	26/8
8	MAMMOTH PINE	ALSAOAO	RICE/SOYA BEANS, GEN.	18/8
9	EVER PIONEER	ALGOSAIBI	STEEL/GEN. PLYWOOD	25/8
10	ALLAKMON AEGIS	ALSAADA	STEEL CONCRETE	24/8
10A	RD/LON ORO	S.C.S.A.	MILK POWDER	26/8
11	ARYA RAO	S.EASIA	GENERAL	25/8
10/11	MILA	STAR NAV.	FRUIT/EGGS	26/8
12A	EAST CAPE	ORRI	TEA/GENERAL	25/8
12	LADY KRISTINA	O.C.E.	GENERAL	25/8
13	MIRA STELLA	S.EASIA	BAGGED CEMENT	25/8
14	FAETHON	KANOO	RICE & CONTAINERS	21/8
15	LUCKY THREE	DRRI	SORGHUM/GENERAL	26/8
17	BLUE SKY	BAABOUD	LOADING CARS	26/8
18	ACHILLEUS	ROLACO	BULK CEMENT	19/8
19	LOUS LO	AL SARAH	BULK CEMENT	26/8
20	MARE CARABICO	STAR NAV.	FRUITS	25/8
21	LISSABON	ROLACO	STEEL BARS	23/8
22	FILIPINAS CAUDI 1	ORRI	HOTEL SHIP	22/8

OLD PIER NORTH

24 ANOREAS 'U'
25 HEX RIVIER

NORTH EXT:

26 BARGES EX-
ATLANTIC FOREST
27 CONCORDIA TAREK
28 KOROOFAN
29 ALASSIRI
30 18N MALIV

BO/BO

MERZARIO LIGURIA
LEON R.E.

BARGES

BIRCHBANK

VESSELS EXPECTED DURING NEXT 24 HRS

LEON RE	ALPHA	TRAILORS/MAFI	26/8
LOUIS LD .	ALSABAH		
LAERTES	ALATAS	CONTAINERS	26/8
RDON ORO	S.C.S.A.	POWDER MILK	26/8
MILA	STAR NAV.	FRUIT	26/8
LA ROUCHELLE	ALGAZIRAH	CONTAINERS	26/8
BIRIBANK	GURF	GENERAL	26/8
LUCKY THREE	DRRI	SORGHUM	26/8
TATI ANGELA	ALWANI	TEA & GENERAL	26/8
FALSTAFF	KANOO	VEHICLES	26/8
CLIMAX PEARL	ORRI	TEA /GENERAL	26/8
AQABA	O.C.E	TEXTILES	26/8
CLIMAX JADE	OC. TRADE	SUGAR	26/8
TRIFELS	ALIREZA	GENERAL	26/8
EYV	ANSCO	GENERAL	26/8
ANDREAS U	AET	VEHICLES	26/8
MICHALIS K	ALWANI	BAGGED CEMENT	26/8
MERZARI LIGURIA	AET	CONTAINERS	26/8
IBN MALIK	KANOO	LOADING EMPTY CONTS.	27/8
SAMIRI	EL HAWI	REEFER	27/8
KETTY	O.C.E	REEFER	27/8
DIMITRIOS	ABUSHAL	LIVESTOCK/OURRA	27/8
NEOLLYDO			
STEENKERK	ALATAS	CONTAINERS	27/8
MENESTHEUS	BARBER	CONTAINERS	27/8
WILHELM SCHULTIE	KANOO	CONTNRS ASBESTOS	27/8
MERRY VIKING	AET	CONTAINERS	28/8
HAPPUSAN MARU	ALATAS	BAGGED CEMENT	27/8
CATHERINE			
SCHIAFFINO	RED SEA	TRAILORS RORO	27/8
LEINA	RED SEA	RO RO	27/8
LINA	S.EASIA	LOAD CARS	27/8
SAMAH	S.EASIA	1.OAO CARS	27/8

TONNAGE DISCHARGED: FREIGHT TONS 50181 TOTAL DISCHARGE OF THE PREVIOUS DAY 21/9/1978
WAITING TIME: NIL 22/9-1398 - 27/8/1978
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DAILY SHIPS WORKING AND FRESH ARRIVALS

CHANGES PAST 48 HRS.

DATE: 23-9-98 / 27-8-78

TIME: 0700 HRS

VESSELS WORKING

ERTH NO	NAME OF THE SHIP	AGENT	TYPE OF CARGO	ARRIVAL DATE
3	AMSTEL BURCHT	KANOO	BUILDING MATERIAL	23/8
4	FINN MAJO	S.A.I.T.B.	GEN.CONTAINERS	26/8
5	ENGLAND MARU	GOSAI BI	TIMBER/STEEL/GEN.	24/8
6	GOLDEN LION	ORRI	GENERAL	25/8
9	MERCURY LAKE	KANOO	GENERAL	23/8
12	TYSLA	BARBER	GEN.CONTAINERS	26/8
15	MAWAN ISLAND	U.R.P.	GENERAL	26/8
16	WAKATAKE MARU	ALIREZA	BUILDING MATERIAL	26/8
17	KEN FUNG	S.E.A.	GENERAL	22/8
19	NEW TRIUMPH	GOSAI BI	C.CEMENT	17/8
20	UNION ENTERPRISE	S.E.A.	M.CEMENT	24/8
21	STAVERN (O.B.)	BARBER	BULK CEMENT (D.B.)	6/8
S.C.P.	JARAMIC XVII	KANOO	LOADING EMPTY CNTS.	26/8

VESSELS WORKING AT ANCH:

PRIMAVERA	S.M.C.	BULK CEMENT	25/8
SOUTHERN OCEAN	GOSAIBI	C.CEMENT	22/8
CHI CHANG	SEASIA		16/8
KHAIN HILL	GOSAIBI	C.CEMENT	19/8
GREATER RIVER	KANOO	C.CEMENT	21/8

RECENT ARRIVALS

NEDLLDYD BAHRAIN	KANOO	CDTAINERS	26/8
FINNMAID	SAITE	GEN/CONTAINERS	26/8
TYSLA	BARBER	GEN/CONTAINERS	26/8
MAWAN ISLAND	U.F.P.	GENERAL	26/8
WAKATAKE MARU	ALIREZA	PLANTS/CONT	26/8

VESSELS EXPECTED WITHIN 24 HRS.

KOETHEN	U.F.P.
GOLDEN DOLPHIN	KANOO
MING HONESTY	KANOO
NEDLLOYD WAAL	KANOO
STAR ALCYONE	KANOO
IBN KHALLIKAN	KANOO
CHASTINE MAFRSK	KANOO

TONNAGE DISCHARGED: 53,551
WAITING TIME: NIL

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NOBRE DA COSTA

By Robert McLoughlin
LISBON —

Competent, practical, decisive and energetic are the adjectives widely used to describe Alfredo Nobre da Costa, who has set about the awesome task of reconciling Portugal's quarrelling politicians and forming its ninth post-revolution government. For some officials, President Antonio Ramalho Eanes' appointment of the handsome 55-year-old technocrat signalled the end of a harrowing 16-day crisis. For the new prime minister himself and for the country there were few illusions: This was just another stage in a damaging political upheaval that may have a long time to run.

Nobre da Costa was a last-minute choice and hardly figured in a long list of possible candidates. But if the new premier was to be an independent this brilliant industry manager was clearly a better choice than the colorless academics and lawyers who had been tipped for the post.

At the age of 27, after studying engineering in Britain, he was spotted by Antonio Champalimaud, who was then building the steel and cement empire that came to dominate Dictator Antonio Salazar's listless economy. By the time the revolution came in 1974 he had held some of the most important directorships in the country.

Champalimaud and hundreds of other managers fled to Brazil after the coup, expelled by the angry workers they had cheated for decades. But in spite of his associations, Nobre da Costa remained politically neutral. He played a key role in negotiating with workers and was grudgingly respected by many on the left. Like other go-ahead managers, of whom there are still remarkably few, he rejected the regimes stagnation policies. Friends called him an intellectual liberal and a tough decision-maker, a manager who understood the need for harmonious relations with workers, and a European who looked up to the vigorous economies. In a country not renowned for a capacity for getting things done he stood out like a beacon.

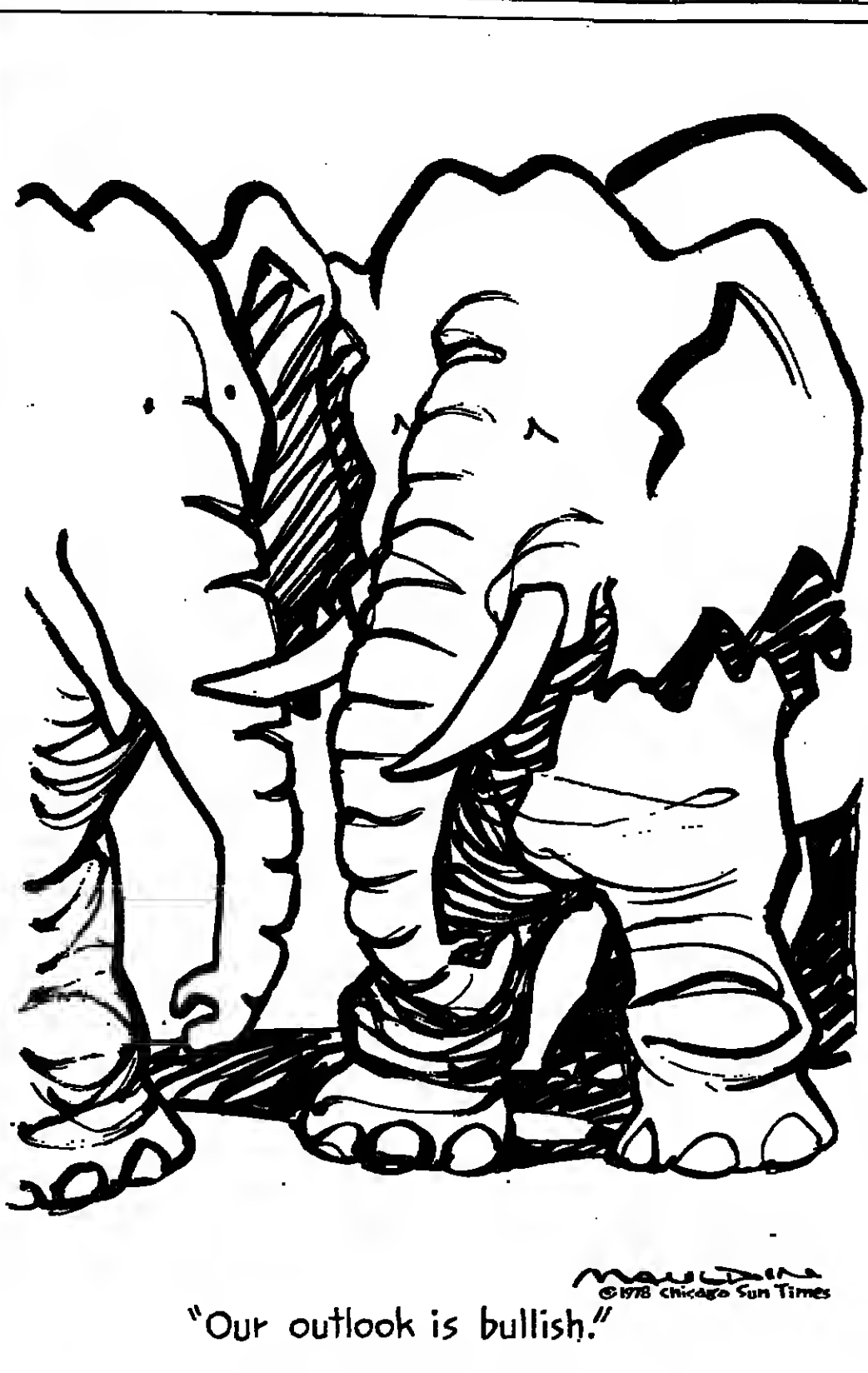
As industry minister in Mario Soares' first government last year he won widespread praise for reaching difficult decisions his predecessors had lacked the

political courage to make. He signed a contract with Renault to set up Portugal's first car production plant, ending months of dithering. He merged several struggling companies in the chemical, fertilizer, steel and beer industries, creating more efficient state monopolies that brought the ire of the right. But he was also violently attacked by the pro-Moscow Communists over his determined moves to end workers occupations of more than 300 factories, handing them back to their owners or closing them and thus saving the government huge sums in subsidies.

In appointing Nobre da Costa, Eanes took a clear, personal line that conflicted with most of the advice he had been given. The selection of a Socialist from the largest party, he had been told, would reflect the election results and avoid giving the impression that party rule was already on the decline. In the event, however, he imposed a strict deadline on the parties attempts to reach a compromise, rightly judging that this time none was possible. His eventual selection of an independent technocrat took into account the prevailing mood of disenchantment with politicians and their apparent failure to provide strong, successful government.

The parties disquiet at this tendency is matched by a general feeling that in appointing a political neutral Eanes may have gone too far in the opposite direction. In his dealings with the heliocene politicians, some observers say, Nobre da Costa may find his impatience with political theorizing a handicap. As one foreign businessman put it: "The problem with Mario Soares was that he was a bad administrator although a first class politician. Here we have an excellent administrator who is no politician at all. What this country needs at this time is someone who is both."

The new prime minister clearly understands that his appointment is only a stop-gap. Nobre da Costa has characteristically promised he will provide an activist government, not sit back and wait. But he is likely to avoid controversial changes of direction: Private businessmen who see a kindred spirit moving swiftly to help them out of their difficulties are likely to be disappointed. (G)



Pax Britannia

By Jan Morris

ABERGAVENNY, Wales—Chiseled on one of the structures of the Rockefeller Center in New York is the inscription "British Empire Building." It is a historical curiosity, for the empire which it commemorates, and which loomed so large in the world of the 1930s, when the center was being built, is now no more than an equivocal memory. In its Victorian heyday the British Empire comprised nearly a quarter of the earth's land mass, and a quarter of its people. Today a few scattered islands are all that is left, and the glory is gone.

I have spent the last 10 years contemplating that vanished dominion, and examining the emotions with which I myself, a British citizen who grew up in its last decades, respond now to its memory. My first reaction is astonishment. Was that really us? There have been few more amazing spectacles in human history: Queen Victoria's empire possessing an authority beyond the dreams of today's superpowers. British supremacy was unchallenged, and throughout their quarter of the world—beyond it, too—what the British said went.

But after astonishment, regret—not shame, certainly not guilt, envy and admiration often, but mostly a wistful regret. By the standards of its day the British Empire was generally benevolent, but it was sadly insensitive. The basis of its technique was separatism—the imperialists armored themselves in detachment, keeping their

Asian and African subjects at arm's length, not usually by cruelty or even decree, but by the force of aloof example. Their sovereignty was built upon bluff—30 million Britons ruling a quarter of mankind—and had to be sustained by hubris.

It was not really racism, only method. Innumerable empire-builders genuinely respected the natives and admired their ancient cultures. It was the system that misused them. Women of true kindness were trained into the awful snoberies of the memsahib. Young men of thoroughly decent instincts were bred to talk of wogs or niggers. A nation whose trust creed was the ideal of fair play imposed its arbitrary values uninvited upon the subject millions.

It seems now a tremendous opportunity missed—a chance truly to draw the peoples closer in mutual respect and common advantage, under the shelter of British power. How beautiful it might have been, if the idea of empire had been one of human reconciliation! No more truly liberal imperialists than the British ever carved out an empire; yet in this, their grandest national adventure, they failed to honor their own highest aspirations—to become a nation, as Burke wrote, concerned not with the puppet-show of power, but sympathetic with the adversity or the happiness of all mankind.

Blame the system—and the times. Not only the British but

the white races in general believed themselves innately superior to people of other colors. The worst thought themselves thereby entitled to suppress and exploit the other half of humanity, but even the best believed it their duty to take up the white man's burden, and lord it over the benighted natives for their own good—even Victoria herself, who was fiercely opposed to racial bigotry of any kind, and enjoyed very tender relations with her Hindu manservant.

And yet...if the British Empire was one of history's might-have-beens, still at the end of my 10 year's exploration I was left with another emotion: a paradoxical sensation of fulfillment. I came to feel that the evil of the great enterprise had gone to waste—the arrogance, the greed, the conceit—while the good of it was fruitifying still.

There is not much bitterness now in the old possessions of the crown. The British gave up their empire with a worldly grace, and it is the good they did that lives after them. I do not mean just the dams, the railways or the administrative skills. I mean something profounder, some seed of self-respect, some new awakening, which the subject peoples often gained from the experience of empire, if only in reflex or resentment. So I came to the conclusion that the British imperialism had been a kind of reconciliation after all, almost despite itself. (NYT)

prove to be a guiding force for Muslim abilities and could consequently employ these abilities in the service of Muslims themselves.

"The response by Muslim states to the secretary general's proposal reinforces confidence

'AP' and the world

By Keith Fuller

Fuller is president of The Associated Press, the largest international news agency. This article is adapted from a March 8, 1978 speech before the International Press Institute Assembly.

CANBERRA, Australia—One of the oldest clichés in the English language concerning journalism is this: What one wants to see printed in a newspaper is advertising; what one would like to keep out is news. I would like to point up one salient fact: If the real motive of journalism is objective truth then it matters not where or by whom or in what style it is practiced.

There may be much to criticize in the work of an individual correspondent, an individual newspaper, broadcast entity or news agency.

Perfection eludes us here if any journalist anywhere can truthfully say "I try daily to gather fact and share it unvarnished with my reader" that journalist is worthy of his craft.

I believe with all my being that the real question is: At what state of development can people be trusted to know the truth about a situation?

Thus I want to state strongly that the time has come for the media of the developing and developed world to move from confrontation to solution. I am convinced that if they speak to one another on a professional level as pragmatic journalists and communicators, prompt progress can be made toward solutions of their problems.

Much demonology has grown up on both sides—thoughtless attributions of ill intent by each side to the other. I blame most of it on meddling social scientists and government bureaucrats who lack a media background. Let's brush them to one side and search for mutual understanding.

The Associated Press is a non-profit cooperative owned by 1,340 U.S. newspapers and 3,400 broadcasters. Approximately 80 per cent of AP's revenue is domestic.

With its immense American base, AP must give pre-eminence to the needs of the domestic membership. I would be failing in my responsibility as AP's chief executive officer if I did not ensure optimum service to the members who pay 80 per cent of AP's costs.

However, it would be wrong to assume that as a result of this, AP slight the needs of our overseas subscribers. An organization as large as ours, with a non-profit structure and a budget of more than \$100 million a year, has the resources to provide the global coverage required by media in the 110 countries AP services outside the United States and still respond fully to domestic needs.

Size and money aren't the only reasons why we can meet both national and global needs. There are others.

First, good coverage of a good story is, news everywhere.

It wins as big headlines in Beirut as in Detroit. That's big help to our efforts.

So is the global pattern of news usage. Makeup and languages may vary but there's a striking similarity in news usage around the world. A 1972 AP study of 64 newspapers in 18 countries showed that about one-quarter of the news carried foreign datelines. The results varied only a percentage point or two between nations. For example, in the United States, papers used 74 per cent local and national news and 26 per cent foreign. In the Soviet Union the figure was 73.6 per cent local and national and 26.4 per cent foreign—just four-tenths of one per cent difference.

Now abroad AP distributes only international news. Considering the amount of space editors have for foreign news—about one-quarter, the survey showed—AP alone provides far more copy than any editor can use.

But do we give foreign editors what they want?

I'm afraid neither AP nor any other news organization gives each editor precisely the foreign coverage he wants. But we try in many ways to ensure that our report abroad is truly international and not simply a reflection of American media needs.

First, approximately six out of every seven full-time AP news people outside the United States are non-Americans. They are of dozens of nationalities and speak in many tongues. They were born to the languages and cultures and societies on which they report.

The precise figures are 81 Americans and 478 full-time foreign nationals. The developing world is not slighted in that selection. In fact, AP staffers who carry the passports of developing nations also head a significant number of AP bureaus—Cairo, Bogota, Ankara, Kuala Lumpur, Istanbul, Jakarta and Seoul, among others.

Second, foreign news distributed in the United States passes through AP's Foreign Desk. Without changing the facts or intent of the incoming dispatch, this desk inserts the background and explanatory material needed so that each story is meaningful to the average American reader.

Incoming stories from the field are relayed back overseas by a completely separate staff, that of the World Service desks. The Latin American desk, which serves that continent, is completely manned by editors from Latin America or Spain. Another World Service desk controls the circuits going to other continents than Latin America. Its editors are a mix of Americans with specialized foreign area background and non-Americans who know the news needs of their home areas. A number are from the Third World. Despite our big American base, AP truly is an international news agency.

At the same time we're dependent of all governments including that of the States. Our wide base of vately owned U.S. media as complete economic independence. AP has no financial or indirect, with the Government. We pull niches in our coverage of ington, as those in the Government would be it to tell.

Our goal simply is to p informed, untrammelled a jective coverage of the States and the world. Co of the developing world ceasingly important for is taking place in the World is significantly int ing both the present and future. I expect AP's all to the Third World to co to grow.

I must emphasize the news interest in the dev world has nothing to d business goals there. AP gross revenue from the developed nations is les one per cent of our i Our coverage costs in areas exceed our revenue times over. AP would co developing world with objectivity and intensity had not one cent of r there.

Covering the Third W not easy. I hope that w creasing understanding o other's problems by jou of the developed and jou of the world, there will co easing of the problems i others face in providing and honest Third World age. I refer to such con as inability to gain er professionally qualified news persons into nations importance merits, ev maids, coverage. I ref those countries, particu Latin America, which u plied threats to exert p on what correspondents I refer to implicit cens the self-defeating hut co practice of inhibiting coverage by denying con dents access to those hig official sources who ca explain the story of their tries to the world.

In return, we at AP v cooperate in every way v in assisting the growth communications industry the media in the dev world. We are willing eager to make available Third World what we learned during 130 years news agency field—and i cludes expertise in ne communications, in adm ition and in dozens of asse areas.

I will close as I l l Wherever journalism seeker of truth, the guard free communication ded to the body politic, accep questioning and if nee adversary role—there ne no Western, Eastern, No or Southern journalism. criteria would make jour one whatever the locale c deavor.

PLO closing ranks

By William Branigan

BEIRUT—Rival Palestinian commando factions are closing ranks to prevent new bloodshed after the massive explosion in a Palestinian district of Beirut. The explosion, which flattened a nine-story apartment block

containing the headquarters of the radical pro-Iraqi Palestine Liberation Front (PLF) as well as offices of the relatively moderate Fatah organization, left more than 150 dead.

Senior Palestinian commando leaders privately blame the blast on a pro-Syrian splinter group, the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine-General Command (PFLP-GC) led by Ahmad Jibril, a former Syrian army captain.

A wing of the same group claimed responsibility for the attack on an El Al crew bus in London in which an air hostess and an attacker died.

The PFLP-GC and its backers are seen as having an interest in fuelling the dispute between Fatah, the largest Palestinian group, and Iraq, whose Baathist regime is a bitter enemy of Syria's. Iraq supports extremist Palestinian factions which oppose the PLO and Fatah, both headed by Yasser Arafat.

Privately Palestinian officials say the apartment building explosion was "an inside job," carried out by someone who would not be suspected by the

commando guards in the neighborhood and who knew how to find a huge arms and munition depot that resk say existed in the build basement.

Residents say it was a stockpile that was blown, accounting for the massive force of the blast.

Officially, however, Palestinian groups are not blaming other, but Israel and the for the explosion.

The PLO newspaper "Fal al Thawra" said inter-Palestinian divisions had "formed weak spot for a blow by I and U.S. intelligence." It at that "Palestinian unity sh now get top priority."

To this end, a meeting of commando factions was under PLO auspices after explosion to head off a escalation of the inter-Palestinian struggle. The meeting cided to launch a joint inv gation and take undies "security measures" to pre new incidents.

The pro-Iraq PLF partici ed, but no actual Bagh based group did. And Jibri the PFLP-GC, though r sented, was himself absen (OFNS).

saudi press review

"Al-Medina" said that the "Arab situation" cannot be sorted out until the Arabs and their leaders succeed in keeping their countries from becoming "tools in the hands of any big power."

"To get out of the present impasse, the Arabs will have to close their ranks and unite on crucial issues. The basis of difficulties in the Arab world lie in foreign powers which want to see the Arabs in permanent dispute on fundamentals and secondary matters."

The paper accused Communist forces, mainly the Soviet Union, of exploiting the Arabs by introducing "progressive" and "reactionary" labels. "Moscow has been maintaining that only the 'progressives' could rid the Arab world of hark-

wardness and bring about progress and prosperity."

The paper claimed that the tactics which the Communists adopted in the sixties are being followed once again.

"Moscow and its surrogates are seeking to divide the Arabs. We believe there is not a single Arab leader who does not want the liberation of Arab territories. But there are some Arab leaders who try to find a quicker way for the realization of the objectives—a matter that invites difference of opinion. But this can be narrowed down through meaningful dialogue."

"The Soviet Union has never favored Arab unity or the liberation of occupied territory. It has committed the greatest treason against the Arabs by

preventing Egypt from an attack (on Israel) in 1967. The result was a tragic defeat for the Arabs at the hands of Israel. It was Moscow once again which refused to help Egypt in rebuilding its military strength," the paper added.

In an editorial, "Al-Bilad" supported the proposal of the Secretary General of the Organization of the Islamic Conference to convene an Islamic summit. The paper said the Islamic nation "is in dire need of such a summit" as soon as possible, "since it would be greatly instrumental in serving the Islamic causes directly and effectively." The paper referred to the Lahore Islamic Summit of 1974 and said it had achieved positive results at the

international level. "That the Organization of Islamic Conference should take the initiative for this summit affirms the fact that it is strong enough to become an effective body in the Muslim community." The paper expressed hopes that the OIC "could still

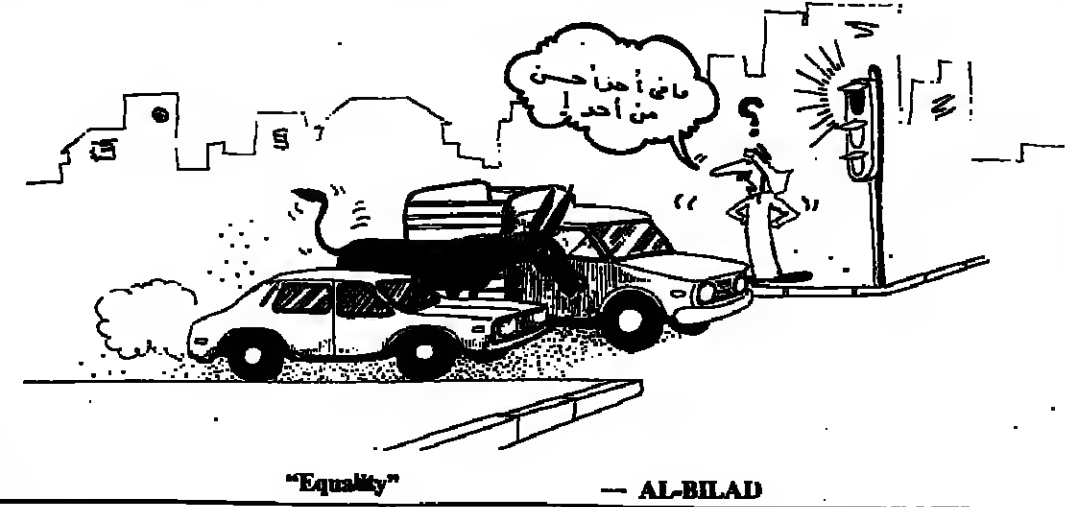
prove to be a guiding force for Muslim abilities and could consequently employ these abilities in the service of Muslims themselves."

"The response by Muslim states to the secretary general's proposal reinforces confidence

in the role of the organization—a Muslim institution set up to manage Muslim affairs."

"Through the support it has been receiving as an international body, the OIC has proved its effectiveness," the paper added.

— AL-BILAD



سازمان

Reflections on an economic summit past, and thoughts on those of tomorrow

By Hobart Rowen

WASHINGTON—Presidents and prime ministers of seven of the richest nations of the world have met in four economic summit sessions since November 1975, and each time have praised their own efforts in communications promising more jobs, less inflation, growing world trade, and a better deal for developing nations.

For example, at the end of the Bonn summit in July, President Carter and the other heads of state said they had agreed on a comprehensive strategy covering all the major economic issues facing the world.

But conscious of the criticism that at Rambouillet, France, Puerto Rico and London, the rhetoric was too grand and the results too puny, the leaders this time were a bit more cautious: their commitments were narrow, specific strategies were withheld, and outlines of the problems to be faced were more realistic.

Why summits?

What, in truth, do economic summits accomplish? Are they an exercise raising expectations too far? Do they merely ratify decisions already taken and programs already on line?

It is important to note that some problems get filed in the "too hard" drawer. Thus, the Bonn summit did not come to grips with the overwhelming international economic dilemma of the day—what to do about the plunging U.S. dollar.

Summit defenders will argue that the leaders did, in fact, discuss, if not solve, the problems underlying the weakness of the dollar and the equivalent excessive strength of the Japanese yen and Western European currencies.

It is certainly true that no magic words could have been uttered in Bonn to cure the economic malaise in the world causing the uneasy slide of the dollar. As some see it, that reflects an inherent weakness of the summit process.

New York economist Henry Kaufman, of Salomon Bros., said in an interview: "We should have summits only when there is a reasonable idea that concrete results will occur. It would be more beneficial if the heads of state met in smaller groups and came up with lesser deals, than to raise the hopes of new tablets coming down from Mount Sinai."

"To try to attribute specific accomplishments to a summit meeting, as a way of measuring whether or not it was a success, is a serious misconception," according to U.S. Undersecretary of State for Economic Affairs Richard Cooper.

"With very rare exceptions, when you are in a real negotiation," Cooper said in an interview, "events of this type do not produce decisions that would not have taken place otherwise."

Such candor is rare. The hard fact is, as another important U.S. policy-maker admits,

that "summits are intended to make it easier for heads of government to do things they really ought to do in their own interest, and things that they want to do, because it's in their own interests."

Predictable outcome

But if the Bonn summit deserves something less than rave notices, one should observe that none of the leaders is especially strong at the moment, with the possible exception of French President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing, resting comfortably after an election victory.

None of the others—Carter, West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt and Japanese Prime Minister Fukuda included—can guarantee that they can control their own parties, let alone their respective legislative bodies. Prime Minister James Callaghan faces an election in Britain rated as a 50-50 toss-up this fall, and Canadian Prime Minister Pierre Trudeau will also have to call for a national election soon. The Italian political situation is chronically tense.

The U.S. Congress and other legislative bodies clearly have a major absentee role in summits. In a National Press Club speech just before the summit, U.S. Treasury Secretary W. Michael Blumenthal noted that congressional re-assertion of its powers had put the Carter administration "...on the cutting edge of a new relationship." He had special reference, of course, to the way Congress had balked the White House on energy policy.

But the problem goes beyond energy. The U.S. contribution to the IMF's Witteren Fund, as well as various foreign aid and commodity proposals are hung up in Congress. How to get Congress more involved in summit preparations—with a view that the exposure to the problems will gain increased support—is being studied at a staff level.

Therefore it was decided well in advance by American officials that limited goals would be sought from the Bonn meeting, centering around the effort to get more German economic growth and a smaller Japanese trade surplus. The others, clearly, would continue to press for U.S. measures on energy and inflation that would work to directly lower the U.S. trade deficit and bolster the dollar.

International impetus

What a summit can do, according to Cooper and others, is to give an international impetus to such domestic economic considerations. The consensus of the other powers at Bonn thus pushed Carter into a promise that he would do something about U.S. inflation and U.S. excessive energy consumption.

Similarly, the conviction among the others that West Germany needed to expand its domestic economy by at least 1 per cent additional real

growth, and that Japan needed to trim its fantastically heavy trade surpluses brought promises along those lines from both of those countries.

Obviously, some action was inevitable on all of these fronts. But the high visibility given to key problems—slow economic growth in West Germany, excessive energy consumption in the United States, a staggering Japanese export surplus—provides an indefinable extra something for tackling them.

Perhaps it was defied best by the German Economics Minister, Conot Otto Lambdort, when he said in advance of the Bonn summit that it was "condemned to be a success."

In a way, Lambdort was saying that the German government, which really did not believe that its internal economy should be expanded, risking inflation, knew that it would have to put something on the table at Bonn to extract commitments from the United States to reduce energy consumption and from the British and the French to abandon some trade protectionist attitudes. The package deal was shaping up.

Ambassador Henry Owen, a former State Department official and Brookings Institution fellow who manages summit affairs for Carter, sees the West German acceptance of a higher rate of growth as the centerpiece of the package. He lists the German pledge to add about \$6 billion worth of expansionary programs, to be followed by a similar push by Japan, as the first of four major accomplishments at Bonn.

Legislators

The West German program will soon go to the Bundestag, and Japan is expected to call a special session of the Diet in October, when Prime Minister Fukuda will outline the exact dimensions of the Japanese effort to assure a growth rate of 7 per cent.

The three other accomplishments cited by Owen include the pressure created by the summit to advance multilateral trade negotiations that had been going on in Geneva; the pledge by Carter to reduce both energy consumption and inflation in the United States, and a re-statement of a commitment by the rich countries to help the poor, especially the development of their oil resources.

What is very tricky to assess is how much or many of the Bonn achievements—however they are measured in the absolute—would have taken place anyway. American officials insist that Chancellor Schmidt did not decide on the extent of the German expansion commitment until a meeting with his advisers after the close of the first summit session. They doubt that as much as \$6 billion was in the original West German plan.

"But the only honest answer," says one official, "is that there is no real way of knowing. As (the French statesman and philosopher Jean) Monnet used to say: 'How can you tell whether something would have happened?'"

On a recent national public radio program, Owen admitted that "we worked hard to diminish the expectations of the Bonn summit, to avoid the disappointments generated by earlier meetings—notably the 1977 summit at London—which produced West German and Japanese growth targets that they failed to achieve."

This time, carefully-orchestrated pre-summit briefings held out the idea that the Bonn summit goals would be less ambitious. This cloaked the final summit communiqué—containing modest but specific agreements—with the aura of comparative success.

It is reasonably clear that the American pre-summit game plan did not call for more than an extra 1 per cent push by the Germans, and that's what they agreed to.

Goal vs. Reality

But whether the West German program will actually increase real German Gross National Product by 1 per cent is another matter. Many German officials believe that the German consumer's tendency to save, rather than spend, will

"The Middle East in the Coming Decade: From Wellhead to Well-being?" by John Waterbury and Ragaei El Mallakh. "1980s Project," Council on Foreign Relations. New York: McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1978.

By Charles McNaughton
WASHINGTON—The North-South dialogue, that debate between the world's developed and developing countries that divides its participants on a

line roughly parallel to the equator, has idled of late. There was the Bonn summit first, a strictly Northern affair whose aspirations for Southern states are still being analyzed. Then there has been the unending speculation about the next OPEC meeting, a conclave of states that fits comfortably into neither Northern nor Southern categories any longer.

But the North-South dialogue, if not onstage media copy for the moment, certainly li-

result in less actual growth than the Americans (and other Europeans) are hoping for. "The push I want may not be realized at all," Finance Minister Hans Mathieser said, in an interview in Bonn, "because people save and buy government bonds. There is a good reason: With inflation at a mere 2.4 per cent, and interest rates at 6.4 per cent, there is an incredible real interest return of 4 per cent. Hard-money conservatives are normally, derisively happy with a real rate of 3 per cent. In the United States and many other places, the real return is zero, or even a minus."

Even if West German assumptions of the potential results of their expansion program prove too low, so one—including the most optimistic Americans—believes that the accomplishments of the summit, in total, are enough to reverse the unemployment trend in Europe. "At best, the European growth rate in the next year to 18 months might rise to 4.3 per cent instead of 4.0 per cent," says a U.S. official.

Significantly, the United States did not itself promise to achieve a specific growth rate for 1979, because to do so, it might have had to confess to a realistic possibility of about 3.5 per cent, a more sluggish pace than this country has been used to. This is one of the penalties of a frighteningly high U.S. rate of inflation, and the absence, as yet, of a strong program to deal with it.

New Leaders

In years past, the United States was expected to be the leader on growth. Now, that task has been passed on to the West Germans and the Japanese. Looking at the overall picture, it is clear that the world economic forecast for next year is still grim despite the Bonn summit, although there may be some marginal benefits because of the understanding each leader displayed of the others' problems.

"Societies have much more of a stake in cooperation today than they used to," adds Assistant Secretary of State Robert Hormats, the American note-taker at Bonn. "And the leadership tends to perceive this much better than the leadership did years ago."

Hormats said in an interview that "summits have become part of a continuum or process involving other international institutions like the International Monetary Fund, the World Bank and the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)."

This institutionalization of the process may not be precisely what French President Giscard had in mind, when he suggested the first summit (then for six powers) at Rambouillet, France, in November 1975.

Giscard imperiously thought of summits as tight, secret little sessions, with the press far removed from the scene, where leaders could hash out big problems in splendid isolation.

Since then, Canada has been added to the original six—the United States, West Germany, Japan, France, Great Britain and Italy. Though to their exasperation, the lesser states of Europe are excluded, Giscard has now relented sufficiently to allow the participation by the president of the Common Market Commission, Roy Jenkins.

A Bonus

As now defined and regularized, Hormats said, the summit and other international economic sessions strengthen the domestic political process in each country, keeping things moving

in the right direction. Cooper agrees, adding that summits—with their months-long preparation—are now a fixture on the scene, even if no agreements are reached. "If you get agreements, that's a bonus," Cooper smiles.

Owen and Treasury Secretary Blumenthal agree that the results of the Bonn summit can only be accurately measured after six to 12 months have passed. The outcome of trade negotiations is still in doubt, although the American belief is that prospects for success are good, after some hard bargaining.

The summit declaration had general language on subsidies and safeguards, two issues of priority importance to the U.S., and it set a deadline for concluding negotiations by Dec. 15. But much hard bargaining remains ahead.

There is little doubt, however, that the summit process helped to push the trade negotiations farther along than they might have gotten.

When the next summit is held in 1979, each leader (or those who survive) will know that his performance against the last summit's commitments will be on everyone's mind. That is likely to give President Carter, in particular, some problems, because of congressional intransigence on his energy proposals, and domestic political constraints in dealing with inflation.

Promises to keep

"The president comes back from Bonn pledged even more powerfully to do something on inflation," Owen said on a national public radio broadcast. "If we go to the next summit without having success in this respect, we will have failed to fulfill our pledge."

But on an even broader question, the relative clout of the big powers among the seven, more time will be needed to sort things out. To many at Bonn, the forthrightness of the West Germans and the Japanese, and their sometimes blunt criticism of the United States, seemed to be a coming of age, a recognition of the reality of their growing power and remarkable achievements since being defeated in World War II.

"Schmidt has always recognized the importance of Germany playing a leadership role in the world economy," said an American official. "The new thing was that the Japanese for the first time recognized that they are the second largest economy in the free world, and that they must play a leadership role, not simply react to events as they did before."

A perceptive European diplomat notes that "Your Mr. Carter, though he was again impressive with the extent of his expertise (as he was last year in London) this time wasn't new. He had some scars on him."

With or without specific economic results, summits should be viewed in a political context. As Cooper says, "A summit is a political act, part of a larger political process which recognizes that decisions once thought of as purely domestic now must be discussed at an international forum—and at the very top level."

For that reason, despite misgivings of some bureaucrats that their horses will give away too much while making an extra line for themselves in the history books, summits are here to stay. They might even become more productive. But miracles shouldn't be expected. — (WP)

North-South dialogue waiting in the wings

gers in the wings. And this book could serve as an apt reminder of how turbulent the script can be.

Dr. John Waterbury, a scholar on Arab affairs, offers the following pessimistic forecast:

"During the 1980s, the Middle East will not contribute to the rise of a 'Southern peril,' but will instead bargain a little harder for the patronage that the North and its local proteges have always been willing to provide."

Ragaei Mallakh, editor of the "Journal of Energy and Development," argues for a different scenario. "In the 1980s," El Mallakh writes, "the political rapprochement and tightening of relationships between Iran and Saudi Arabia, Iran and Egypt, and Saudi Arabia and Egypt should have co-operative economic consequences regionally, developing the Middle East's prestige within the North-South dialogue."

This has the ingredients for a lively debate, and it would be a fulfilling one as well if both authors did not make a glaring omission in their presentations: Iraq. It is a serious gap in the discussion.

That said, in any debate there must be some common ground, and for Waterbury and El Mallakh that seems to be the shared assumption that the states in the region will act primarily in what they perceive to be their own self-interest. Waterbury puts it most emphatically when he writes, "No Arab state has yet sacrificed any significant national interest on the altar of Arab unity," but Mallakh, although he is more inclined to ascribe altruistic desires to some Arab countries, also acknowledges self-interest as a significant motivating factor. The issue in dispute, however, is what policies (integrative or disintegrative) would seem to most advance the interests of the more powerful Middle Eastern states.

In support of his conclusion that the Middle East will fail "to develop a cohesive, co-operative, regional development strategy or a collective bargaining position in relation to the North," Waterbury points, first, to the cleavage which divides the "petroleum-rich" Arab states from the "petroleum-poor." The petroleum-rich states (Kuwait, Iraq, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates), although they are hardly developed economies, are no longer truly "Southern" states. As the "North of the South," these states can pursue all of their national objec-

tives—industrial development, technology acquisition, regional hegemony—using their oil and concomitant financial leverage to negotiate "a better deal for themselves" with the North.

Unlike the petroleum-poor genuinely Southern countries of the region (Egypt, Sudan, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, Mauritania, North Yemen, South Yemen, Somalia, and to some extent Jordan), the petroleum-rich do not feel "obligated to adopt collective stances in bargaining with the North." (Oil pricing has, of course, been an exception to the rule of independent action, but, then, that issue does not cut across the rich-poor cleavage.)

Rather than a coordinated, unified Arab bloc, what Waterbury foresees for relations between the petroleum-rich and petroleum-poor is a continuation (in the vertical, diagrammatic sense) of the series of "dependency linkages" which have always characterized North-South relations. Waterbury points to Egypt's economic dependence upon Saudi Arabia as a prime example of such a "patron-client" relationship, and claims that an important way for such a petroleum-rich country to increase its power in the region is to accumulate as many "clients" as possible. Under this theory, the amount of development aid that petroleum-rich countries extend to petroleum-poor countries represents not an effort to establish strong, independent economies in the poorer nations, but merely a strategy to perpetuate and reinforce dependency linkages.

At the risk of oversimplifying, Waterbury's analysis of what is in the interest of petroleum-rich Arab countries comes down to this: Petroleum-rich countries need advanced technology and the financial markets through which to acquire it from the industrialized North, and they are quite capable of getting what they need without the help of the poorer countries. From the petroleum-poor they need primarily: 1) cheap labor for their industrialization programs; 2) whatever military-strategic advantage poor countries can offer; 3) political support, especially to avoid their being cast in world opinion as the new exploiters of the Third World; and perhaps in the long run, 4) export markets for the industrial products that they will be able to produce once they develop their own economies. Thus, for the next ten


years, at least, Waterbury expects the petroleum rich to devote their energy to securing favorable terms with the North rather than to unifying the Middle East into a solid Southern front.

Mallakh assesses the national interests of Arab states in a completely different way. As he sees it, the paramount interest of Middle Eastern oil-producing states is the next ten years will be to assure a continuation of the political and economic stability that increased affluence has brought to the region. Only through an established network of moderate regimes can the security of producers' financial and oil resources be guaranteed. To Mallakh, what must be done to maintain stability is clear: The gap between what Waterbury calls the petroleum-rich and petroleum-poor must be closed.

To prove that the major producing states are indeed trying to holster "the overall trend toward increased political stability and moderation among Arab states in the region," Mallakh refers to the over \$7 billion in OPEC assistance disbursements to oil-poor producing countries in 1974; to the proliferation of Arab development aid institutions such as the Saudi Development Fund (capitalized at \$2.9 billion) and the Kuwait Fund for Arab Economic Development (capitalized at \$3.3 billion); and to the creation in 1976 of an Arab Monetary Fund to, among other things, better facilitate the financing of regional development plans.

Mallakh believes that these and other measures will eventually result in a Middle East that is unified, not to confront the North, but to cooperate with it. In effect, he does not see the need for a militant Southern front to oppose the North and to force (or extract) a redistribution of planetary wealth. But, should one be needed, Mallakh is certain that the prerequisites are there, or, at least, that there are no necessarily conflicting interests between "petroleum-rich" and "petroleum-poor" to stand in the way of regional integration.

Once one accepts either Waterbury's or Mallakh's perception of the national interests of leading Arab states it is easy to accept in turn his entire position and to reject the one propounded by the other author. — (Washington Bureau)



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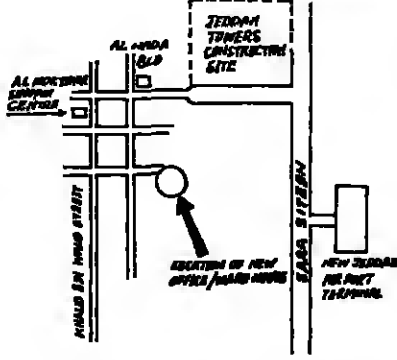
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R.C.

I TOLD YOU HE HIT ME, UMP... LOOK AT THAT... "SHOE POLISH!"

SO IT IS! ...TAKE YOUR BASE.

SHOE POLISH?

SMALL SOCIETY

I THINK WE'RE FAST HEADING INTO A MONEY-LESS SOCIETY -

IN THAT CASE, I'M WAY AHEAD OF THE TIMES -

BEEBLE BAILLY

RING

GENERAL HALFTRACK, HERE!!

VERY GOOD! THAT'S EXACTLY WHERE YOU'RE SUPPOSED TO BE

EVEN GENERALS NEED A COMPLIMENT NOW AND THEN

BLONDIE

YOU'VE EATEN SIX BANANAS SINCE YOU SAT DOWN TO WATCH TV

YOU SHOULD LEARN TO PACE YOURSELF

I DO PACE MYSELF

A BANANA A MINUTE IS NOT WHAT I CALL PACING!

HAGAR

THIS IS OUR FAMOUS PUFF PASTRY

WOW!

WHY DO THEY CALL IT 'PUFF PASTRY'?

OH...

WIZARD

YOU'RE DOCTOR PUCKERSTEIN, THE WORLD'S GREATEST PLASTIC SURGEON?

YES

WHAT WOULD BE THE FIRST STEP IN GIVING ME A NOSE JOB?

ESTABLISHING A BASE CAMP

Dennis the Menace

IT'S EVEN TOO HOT TO DO SOMETHIN' WE SHOULDN'T.

Believe It or Not!

LOUIS ANTOINE de BOUGAINVILLE (1732-1811) SOLDIER, NAVIGATOR AND EXPLORER, COMMANDED THE FIRST FRENCH CIRCUMNAVIGATION OF THE WORLD ONLY 3 YEARS AFTER TRANSFERRING TO THE NAVY FROM THE FRENCH ARMY

FASHIONABLE MEN IN EUROPE IN THE 18th CENTURY KEPT THEIR STOCKINGS FROM WRINKLING BY WEARING GARTERS BELOW THE KNEE

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

by THOMAS JOSEPH

ACROSS

1 Let stand

2 Ancient Egyptian city

3 Shade of green

4 Reform

5 Indigo plant

6 Eastern Church member

7 Revenge

8 Faucet

9 Passport endorsement

10 Immerse

11 Dress fabric

12 Tree trunk

13 Fourth estate

14 Arbor

15 Not taped

16 Robust

17 Soul: Fr.

18 Swiss city

19 Elevator cage

20 Outset

21 Released

22 Great Lakes city

23 Prairies

24 Rockfall

25 Grand property

DOWN

1 Dress

2 Frog

3 Give off

4 Put on the tube

5 Least faulty

6 Hair-care product

7 Spire ornament

8 Oppress

9 Involved

10 Horse

11 Wines: Fr.

12 Apes

13 Midnight rider

14 Assault

15 Corner

16 Kleenex

17 Nachtmusik

18 Expensive

19 Oklahoma city

20 Worshipped

21 Worshipped

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Contract Bridge

B. Jay Becker

A Fatal Slip of the Wrist

North dealer. North-South vulnerable.

NORTH

♠ A 8 5 2

♥ A K 7 2

♦ A K 7

♣ A 7

EAST

♠ J 8 6 5 3

♥ —

♦ Q J 6 4 3

♣ Q 10 5

WEST

♠ Q 7 2

♥ J 9 7 4

♦ 10 9 8

♣ 9 4 3

SOUTH

♠ K 10 4

♥ K Q 10 8 3

♦ 5

♣ J 8 6 2

The bidding:

North East South West

1 NT Pass 3 NT Pass

4 NT Pass 4 NT Pass

5 NT Pass 5 NT Pass

Opening lead — ten of diamonds.

Declarer sometimes finds that what first seemed to be an easy contract to make suddenly changes its appearance, due to an unexpected distribution of the missing cards. In many such deals declarer is helpless, but in some of them he can overcome the bad luck.

South managed to do just that in this deal where he ran into an unlucky trump break. The 4-0 trump division should have proved fatal, but South made the slam with the aid of a magnificent assist from the defense.

De

4 records

Tracy Caulkins paces U.S. team

BERLIN, Aug. 27 (Agencies) — Tracy Caulkins, America's 15-year-old swimming star, raised her total of gold medals to five and world records to four Saturday as U.S. swimmers captured three of the five final events at the World Swimming Championships.

Caulkins tied the world mark of 2 minutes 9.87 seconds to take the women's 200-meter butterfly, then helped the American women establish a world mark of 3:43.43 in the 400-meter freestyle.

Still, she was not completely satisfied.

"If it had not been so cold, I probably could have broken the world record" in the butterfly, Caulkins said.

Joe Bottom of the U.S. won the men's 100-meter butterfly in 54.30 seconds, just off the world record of 54.18 seconds set last year.

The one non-American swimming victory of the evening went to 18-year-old Russian Vladimir Salnikov, who pulverized the opposition in the 1,500 meters freestyle. He clocked 15 minutes 3.99 seconds, only one and a half seconds outside American Brian Goodell's world mark.

He finished a good half a length of the pool ahead of nearest rivals Borut Petric of Yugoslavia, who took the silver medal, and American Bobby Hackett, who won the bronze.

Caulkins, who previously set world records in the 200-meter and 400-meter medleys, outswam teammate Nancy Hogshead of Jacksonville, Fla. Hogshead finished in 2:11.30, well ahead of Anky Lallack, the queen of East Germany's swimmers and bolder of the previous world record.

The U.S. victory in the women's 400-meter freestyle, the final event of the evening, meant the East Germans were still without a gold medal in the championships, which wrap up Monday. The East Germans finished second in the relay in 3:47.37 and Canada took third place in 3:49.59.

The freestyle relay was the only event the American women won in the 1976 Montreal Olympics, which saw East Germany emerge as the leader in women's swimming.

Joining Caulkins on the winning relay team were Jill Sterkle, the only veteran of the Montreal Olympic team, Cynthia Woodhead, who picked up her third gold medal, and Stephanie Elkins.

Greg Jagenburg's second-place finish behind teammate Bottom gave the United States the top two places in the 100-meter men's butterfly.

Jagenburg finished in 55.26 seconds, ahead of Sweden's Paer Arvidsson, a student at the University of California. Canadian Dao Thompson was fifth. Bottom, who like Caulkins complained of the nighttime

chill, said he was not surprised at winning.

"I knew that nobody could beat me today," he said. "That's why I wanted to break my own world record. If it had been a bit warmer, I would have beaten my record. But especially on the last 25 meters, I got very stiff."

Ullana Kalinina of the Soviet Union, who won the three-meter springboard event earlier in the championships, amassed 412.71 points with precision execution of her 12 platform dives.

Finishing second with 384.09 points was Martina Jeschke of East Germany. Melissa Briley of the U.S., captured the bronze with 364.74, and Barbara Weinstein of the U.S., finished fourth with 363.84.

Elena Vaitzhkovskaja, daughter of the Soviet swimming coach, had been among the leaders until her final dive when she scored only 35.64 points. Her bad luck allowed Briley, who finished with a splendid 60.84-point dive, to move into a medal position.

Janet Nutter of Canada, who had been among the pre-meet favorites, scored a disastrous 14.04 points on her fifth dive and 26.73 on her sixth to put her out of competition. She ended the 12-dive competition 14th out of 15 entrants.

The U.S. water polo team, which has managed to qualify for a place at the 1980 Moscow Olympics, defeated Romania 2-1 in Group Two competition. Kevin Robertson and John Siman scored goals for the Americans.

In other matches, Canada beat Mexico 7-3, Holland defeated Israel 4-2, West Germany crushed Bulgaria 15-5, Australia edged Cuba 7-6 and Spain topped Greece 9-5.

Philip takes a spill in coach meet

BUDAPEST, Aug. 27 (AP) — Britain's Prince Philip took a spill when his four-in-hand coach overturned at the world coach-driving championships, but he resumed the race, the Hungarian sports daily reported Sunday.

However, he picked up 187 penalty points, dashing his victory chances in the individual contest. Philip, husband of Queen Elizabeth II and president of the International Equestrian Federation, also officiates at the event in the central Hungarian plains town of Kecskemet.

The setback occurred at obstacle number three during the gruelling marathon race, when the 37 coaches entered by 12 nations had to cover almost 35 kilometers along a course studded with obstacles.

"Nepport" reported that when reaching the third of seven obstacle areas, Philip was expected to drive past a well and then circle a shepherd's stand.

But one of the wheels ran up on the side of the hut, sinking the coach, which overturned.

The prince, white in the face but unperturbed, gave a hand like the others. "He did not utter a single word," and continued the race, the journal reported.

The prince, white in the face but unperturbed, gave a hand like the others. "He did not utter a single word," and continued the race, the journal reported.

By the ninth round, the South African was rubber-legged and clinging desperately to Cervantes. After taking an eight count, he moved into a left and before he could hit back, Venezuelan referee Luis Sulbarao mercifully stopped the fight.

"Sekgapanne is a good boxer and a worthy opponent," the Colombian champion said afterwards. "I admired him for his courage in the way he kept coming forward and for his determination."

Sekgapanne, the first black South African to fight in a world title bout, showed his form only in the second round.

It was a brief rally which Cervantes quickly snuffed out.

Mrs. Cook, 55, who has been racing only four years, won the 380-kilometer race from Cowes to Torquay and back in 3 hours and 1 minute. She averaged a record 123 kilometers per hour.

Mrs. Cook, in her 1,200

horsepower boat "Kaama", was lying third shortly after the race began with 26 competitors, including a strong contingent from the United States and Italy.

She expertly guided her 12-meter orange, black and white powerboat out in front. At 100 kilometers down the coast she took the lead and never let go.

Barrazzutti, Higuera booted off the courts

BROOKLINE, Massachusetts, Aug. 27 (AP) — The quarterfinals of the U.S. Pro Open tennis tournament ended Saturday with a series of matches so listless that the crowds at Longwood booed one off the court.

Third-seeded Corrado Barrazzutti of Italy won a colorless decision as seventh-seeded Jose Higuera of Spain quit with an alleged leg injury in the second set.

Defending champion Manuel Orantes of Spain advanced as expected in his afternoon match against six-seeded Wojtek Fibek of Poland. Harold Solomon, fifth-seed, goes against Orantes in the semi-finals after he toyed with 19-year-old John McEnroe 6-2, 6-2 as the clay courts dried out after two days of rain.

Veteran Arthur Ashe, seeded eighth at the age of 39, passed through the quarter-finals at night with a 6-3, 6-3 victory over 12th-seeded Jose-Luis Clerc of Argentina. Ashe had little trouble as he methodically defeated Clerc, who had upset second-seeded Raul Ramirez of Mexico in the third round.

Then, before a crowd of 5,600 Barrazzutti and Higuera took the courts in a plodding baseline to baseline game with the softest of strokes. One point took 127 strokes to be decided. The crowd booed eventually as neither player showed any aggressiveness.

The crowd became even more restless as the umpire asked several times, at the request of the players, that talking be kept to a minimum during play.

Barrazzutti was the chief complainant. All his complaints received were more boos and jeers from the fans.

The first lasted 1 hour, 8 minutes before Barrazzutti won a reluctant victory 7-6, by winning the tiebreaker 7-4 on a call hotly disputed by Higuera.

Referee Frank Hammond had to walk to the dressing hoot to get Higuera back on the court for the second set. Higuera donned his warmup jacket, took the court and lost a first game at love.

On his own service in the second game, Higuera, merely going through the motions of the game, double-faulted while being broken at love.

The Spaniard, throwing in the towel, lost the third game at love. That brought Hammond running to issue a warning to Higuera.

Higuera, serving, went to deuce, and had an advantage when he failed to follow an easy shot by Barrazzutti. Higuera stood in apparent pain, complaining about an injury to his left leg.

The umpire told the players, "The game is continuous. Play." However, a trainer on the pro tour, Todd Fullerton, examined Higuera and the Spaniard was allowed to retire. The official score was 7-6, 3-0, retired.

In Mahwah, New Jersey, Virginia Wade played some of her best tennis this year in registering her fourth successive straight-set victory Saturday night and moving into the finals of the \$75,000 Bergen County women's tennis classic.

The top-seeded Wade defeated Regina Marsikova of Czechoslovakia, 6-4, 6-4 in a 71-minute semifinal.

Ilie Nastase of Romania defeated Fritz Buehning 6-4, 4-6, 6-3 in the \$30,000 Tennis Week round-robin championships at Somers, New York.

Cliff Richey beat Mel Prueci 7-6, 7-5 and Peter Fleming topped Vijay Amritraj of India 3-6, 6-1, 6-1 in other matches.

Guillermo Vilas, 2-0 and needing a triumph over Richey to reach the finals, has a stomach virus and his status is questionable for the Sunday match. The winner will receive \$10,000.

In Atlanta, Georgia, Eliot Teltscher downed top-seeded Rosco Tanner 6-4, 6-4 to advance to the finals in the "Atlanta Journal-Constitution" Open international tennis tournament.

Stan Smith edged Butch Waltz 7-6, 7-6 to find his berth in the finals.

Irwin keeps lead over Watson, Kite

PENEHURST, North Carolina, Aug. 27 (AP) — Defending champion Hale Irwin fired a 2-under-par 69 Saturday to hold off Tom Watson's charge and retain a 1-stroke lead in the third round of the \$250,000 Hall of Fame golf classic.

Irwin, tied first by Tom Kite and later by Watson in the hot, humid weather, birdied two of his last three holes for a 54-hole total of 205, 8 shots under par on the famed No. 2 course at the Pinehurst Country Club.

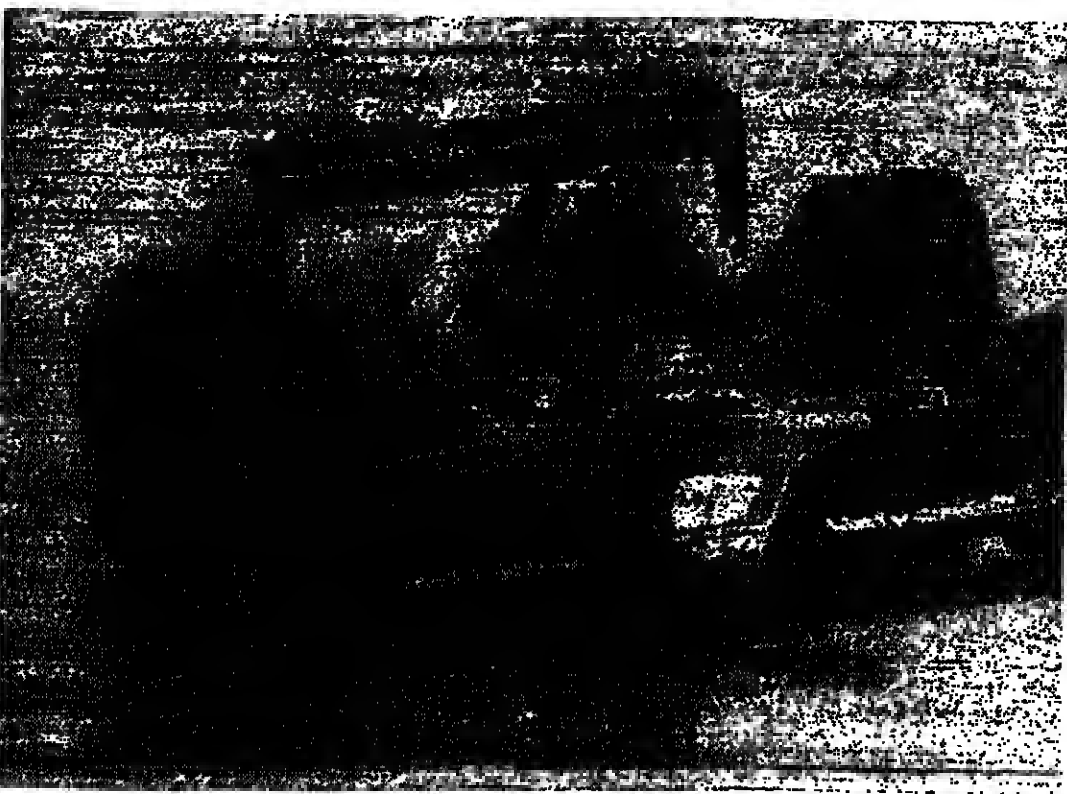
Watson, gunning for his fourth victory of the year and the leading money-winning spot, had a second consecutive 67 including a 30-foot birdie putt on the final hole. He was a single shot back at 206.

"I made everything I looked at," Watson said.

Kite scored a 70 that left him in strong tie-contention at 207, only 2 back going into Sunday's round of the chase for a \$50,000 first prize.

"From being almost out of contention, I put myself right back in it," Kite said.

Andretti conquers the Dutch GP



THE WINNER: Mario Andretti in his Lotus

Boston, Milwaukee both win

Red Sox still ahead by 7 1/2

NEW YORK, Aug. 27 (AP) — Jim Rice smashed his 33rd home run and rookie Jim Wright fired a five-hitter as the Boston Red Sox beat the California Angels 7-1 Saturday.

Rice hit a monstrous clout far over the left-field wall at Boston's Fenway Park in the first inning to give Boston a 2-0 lead. He also drove in a second-inning run with a sacrifice fly, boosting his RBI total to 109.

George Scott homered in the sixth inning while Wright blanked the Angels in the ninth.

Milwaukee 9, Detroit 5

However, the Red Sox' American League East lead remained at 7 1/2 games when the Milwaukee Brewers, who began the day in a virtual tie with the New York Yankees for second place, got home runs from Don Money and Gorman Thomas and three RBI by Buck Martinez and defeated the Detroit Tigers 9-5, snapping Jack Billingham's eight-game winning streak.

Martinez walked to force in a run in the Brewers' three-run second inning and singled runs home in the third and fifth off Dave Tobik, who was making his Major League debut.

Toronto 4, Minnesota 3

In another American League afternoon contest, Dave McKay hit his fifth home run of the season leading off the bottom of the fifth inning to give the Toronto Blue Jays a 4-3 victory over Minnesota and hand the twins their seventh consecutive setback.

Chicago 8, Cincinnati 6

In the National League, Bobby Murcer cracked a bases-loaded single and scored when Cincinnati center fielder Cesar Geronimo let the ball get past him, keying a six-run inning and giving the Cubs an 8-6 victory over the Reds.

Houston 7, Pittsburgh 2

Bruce Bochy's two-run double capped a five-run Houston first inning and J.R. Richard hurled his 14th victory as the Houston Astros trounced the

Pittsburgh Pirates 7-2, Richard struck out eight to run his Major League-leading total to 240, as the Astros won for the 19th time in their last 21 home games.

The Pirates, who had a 10-game winning streak snapped Friday night dropped their second in a row.

San Francisco 4, Montreal 1

Heity Cruz doubled, batted, knocked in two runs and scored twice to give the San Francisco Giants to a 4-1 victory over the Montreal Expos behind Jim Barr's six-hit pitching.

Baltimore 9, Seattle 2

The Baltimore Orioles, aided by two Seattle errors, a wild pitch and a bad-hop double by Rich Dauer, scored five runs in the first two innings and beat the Mariners 9-2 behind 17-game winner Mike Flanagan.



Milwaukee pitcher Moose Haas

Texas 8, Kansas City 4

An eighth inning homer by Craig Nettles gave the New York Yankees a victory over the Oakland A's, and the Chicago White Sox defeated the Cleveland Indians. The Texas Rangers took an 8-4 decision over the Kansas City Royals.

St. Louis 9, Atlanta 4

In national league games, Garry Templeton and Tony Scott each drove in three runs, helping the St. Louis Cardinals to a 9-4 victory over the Atlanta Braves in a contest officiated by collegiate umpires.

Philadelphia 3, Los Angeles 1

Bob Boone doubled home two runs and Randy Lerch fired a four-hitter as Philadelphia defeated Los Angeles 3-1 and cut the Dodgers' National League West lead to one game over San Francisco.

Swiss cycles to victory

ADENAU, West Germany, Aug. 27 (AP) — Gilbert Glaus of Switzerland won a furious finishing sprint Saturday and grabbed his country's first gold medal in 40 years in the amateur men's road-racing event at the World Cycling championship.

The four-man, 100-km team road race ran Wednesday in Brauweiler, outside Cologne.

The 32-year-old racer told reporters he had been prescribed a medicine by the Polish team physician for a liver ailment.

"I can't understand why he would give me a medicine without knowing what's in it," he said.

Glaus, a 24-year-old dental technician, said he was out upset by the spurring tactics of his rivals.

"I didn't allow myself to be made nervous by all the various breakaways, not even when the Belgian was over one minute ahead," the champion said.

Alfons de Wolf of Belgium had seized the lead near the end of the sixth lap in a solo sprint and held it for 35 kilometers until he was overtaken by the main field, including Glaus, at the 174-km mark.

De Wolf faded at the end as others battled for the lead and he finished 33rd, crossing the line in the main group.

About 180 cyclists from 34 nations competed in chilly, overcast weather.

Polish superstar Ryszard Szurkowski stocked national fans by failing a dope test and causing the disqualification of his team's fourth place finish in

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Victory puts him close to F1 title

ZANDVOORT, Netherlands, Aug. 27 (AP) — Mario Andretti of the United States, the leader in the race for the world championship, steered his Lotus to victory in Sunday's Dutch Grand Prix.

His Swedish teammate, Ronnie Peterson, finished second and defending driving champion Nikki Lauda of Austria, in a Brabham-Alfa, was third.

Leading from start to finish, Andretti came close to assuring himself of the 1978 Formula One world championship.

"It felt like the longest race of my life," the 38-year-old veteran said. He covered the 316.9 kilometers in 01:41.04 at an average speed of 188.170 kilometers an hour.

Peterson close behind

With three races left in the title series, Andretti has 63 points and can be overtaken only by his Swedish teammate Ronnie Peterson, who finished a close second and now has 51 points.

Lauda finished third in his Brabham-Alfa and was the only driver to challenge the Lotus pair seriously. Andretti and Peterson, starting one and two from the grid, stuck together and built up an early lead of five seconds which Lauda reduced to 1.5 seconds at the halfway mark in the 75-lap race. However, the Lotus drivers quickly reacted to the danger and pulled away again, crossing the finishing line some ten seconds clear.

Afterwards, Andretti revealed that the rear part of his exhaust fell off 12 laps from the finish but he said that did not slow him down.

"The only thing I was worried about was fire," he said. "And if the car had caught fire, I can tell you that you would have seen one half of fire for a long time."

Saved the engine

The Italian-born American said that he was not worried by Lauda's chase and indicated that he could have gone faster if necessary.

"I was trying to hold down the reins to save the engine," he said. "The most important thing for me was to make it to the finish."

Seemingly happy at playing second fiddle to Andretti, Peterson told reporters that he could not have overtaken his teammate even if he had wanted.

"My rear brakes were going towards the end of the race and I had enough trouble just keeping on the track," he said.

Twenty-six cars started, but the crowd was quickly thinned out as Didier Pironi of France in a Tyrrell and Italy's Riccardo Patrese in a Ferrari collided on the third corner of the first lap. Although unhurt, both drivers were left out of the race by the crash.

It was a bad day for Tyrrell. French driver Patrick Depailler, who started the day in third place in the world driver's championship, coasted behind Andretti and Peterson, was forced out of the race by mechanical trouble. He needed a good showing in Holland to keep alive his hopes of taking the championship, which are now furnished. Lauda moved into third place in the standings with his fourth in the race.

Vittorio Brambilla of Italy hit a fence after spinning off the track in his Surtees. He got back on to the circuit with the aid of marshals, but was promptly disqualified by the race judges for receiving an unofficial push.

The race on the seafront circuit was held in good weather conditions but with a strong wind blowing in off the North Sea.

Lauda had moved at the halfway mark to within 1.5 seconds of Andretti and Peterson, but the Lotus drivers and cars proved to much for him.

John Watson of Britain finished fourth behind Lauda in another Brabham-Alfa, followed by Brazilian Emerson Fittipaldi.

There are three Formula One grand prix races left in this year's racing season. The Italian Grand Prix at Monza is scheduled for Sept. 10. That will be followed by the U.S. Grand Prix on Oct. 1 at Watkins Glen, New York, and the Canadian Grand Prix on Oct. 10 at Mosport.

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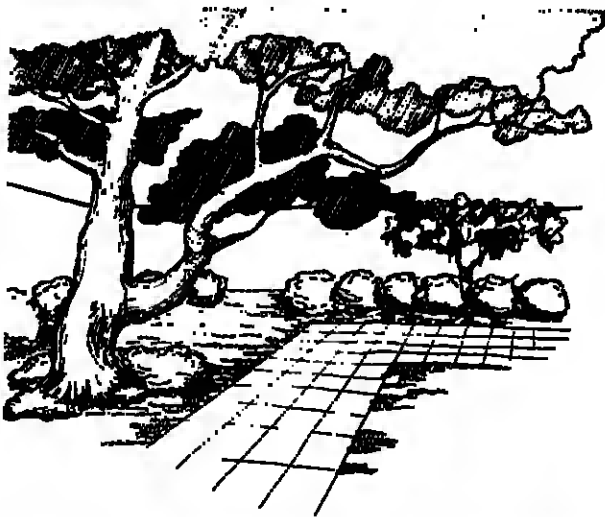
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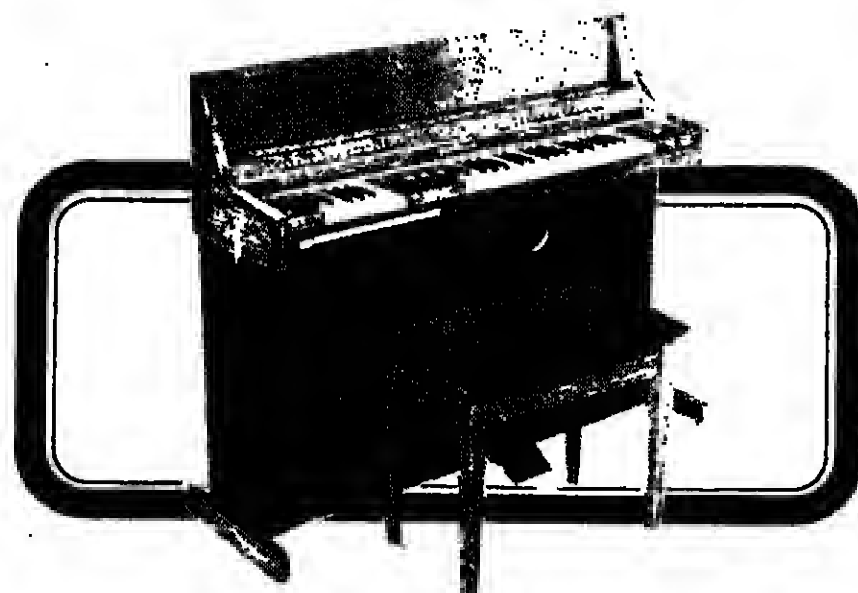


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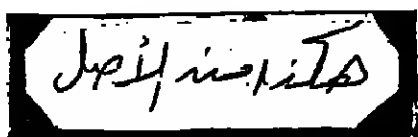
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اسعار الاسهم في البورصات الدولية
INTERNATIONAL STOCK EXCHANGES

أسعار بعض الأسهم المختارة من بورصة لندن

LONDON STOCKS
COMMERCIAL &

[illegible][illegible]

INDUSTRIAL		Tate & Lyle		181		180	
		Thorn Electrical Ind.		186		184	
		The Investments		116		116	
		Turner & Newall		194		194	
		UDS Group		100		101	
		Unicramer Co.		277		277	
		Unilever		574		582	
		Vickers		195		192	
		Woolworth (F.W.)		71		70	
Stock	August 17	August 18					
Allied Breweries	84	84					
Babcock & Wilcox	141	141					

Barclays Bank	355½	352½
Beecham Group	787½	787½
BTCC	121½	121½
Brite Circle	284½	291½
BOC International	71	72
Bovis Co. Ltd.	220½	223½

[illegible]

المؤثر المالي الوطني للاسهم والسندات البريطانية

FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES							
August 18	August 17	August 16	August 15	August 14	August 13	A year ago	
Government Securities	76.73	76.80	77.69	77.15	77.10	75.70	
Financial Index	72.81	72.83	72.89	72.99	72.89	70.31	
Industrial Ordinaries	532.9	539.3	530.6	512.1	513.5	514.6	
FTSE 100	186.1	186.1	187.5	186.9	186.9	181.9	
Over. Div. Yield %	5.32	5.37	5.28	5.28	5.28	5.26	
Earnings '94 ('000)	15.59	15.72	15.39	15.92	15.89	15.97	
P/E Ratio	15.51	15.51	15.51	15.34	15.34	15.52	
Dividends normal	5.679	5.997	5.646	5.997	5.964	5.864	
Dividend non-normal		76.65	76.41	71.24	69.14	96.78	
Equity turnover		21.62	21.62	21.62	21.62	19.26	

* Based on 52 per cent corporation tax, @ Nil = 8.25.
Basis 100 Govt. Secs. 15/10/56. Fixed Int. 1928, Ind. Ord. 1/7/35.
Gold Mines 12/9/55. SE Activity July-Dec. 1942.

	RIGHS AND LOWS				SE ACTIVITY		
	1978		Since Comp Law			August	August
	High	Low	High	Low	= Daily	17	16
Govt. Secs.	78.58	68.79	171.4	49.18	City-Signed	148.1	148.8
	(3/1)	(5/6)	(1/1/06)	(3/1/75)	Industries	184.9	207.2
Fixed Int.	81.27	70.73	158.4	50.53	Speculative	59.6	57.4
	(9/1)	(6/6)	(28/11/67)	(3/1/75)	Totals	113.7	128.5
Unf. Ord.	516.2	433.4	589.2	49.4	5-day Avg	149.5	
	(9/8)	(2/3)	(14/1/77)	(24/6/69)	Gilt-Signed	149.5	177.4
Gold Mines	46	139.3	45	33.5		202.5	217.7

(14/8)	(5/1)	(22/5/75)	(26/10/71) Speculative ..	56.5	60.8
			Total	124.8	132.7

BASE LENDING RATES

A.R.N. Bank	10 %	Anthony Gibbs	10 %
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First Nat. Sav. Ld. Co. (London) Ltd.	12	%	Windsor & Co. (London) Ltd.	10	%
First Nat. Sav. Ld. Co. (London) Ltd.	12	%	Yorkshire Bank	10	%

* Members of the Accepting Houses Committee.
 † 7-day deposits 7%, 7-month deposits 7½%.
 ‡ 7-day deposits on sums of £10,000 and under 6½%, up to £25,000 7½% and over £25,000 8½%.
 § Call deposits over £1,000 7%.

سوق تداول العملات		سوق تداول العملات	
FOREIGN EXCHANGES		NEW YORK EXCHANGES OPENING	
August 18	Range	تداول العملات	تداول العملات

COMMODITY PRICES

[illegible]

Today's Casing		Previous Casing		WOOL		Today's Casing	
37.75	57.10	38.25	57.10	Australian	22.75	22.75	
38.25	58.10	38.25	58.10	Greyish Wool	23.25	23.25	
38.75	59.10	38.75	59.10	May	24.25	24.25	
39.25	60.10	39.25	60.10	July	24.75	24.75	
39.75	61.10	39.75	61.10	September	25.25	25.25	
40.25	62.10	40.25	62.10	November	25.75	25.75	
40.75	63.10	40.75	63.10	January	26.25	26.25	
41.25	64.10	41.25	64.10	March	26.75	26.75	
41.75	65.10	41.75	65.10	May	27.25	27.25	
42.25	66.10	42.25	66.10	July	27.75	27.75	
42.75	67.10	42.75	67.10	September	28.25	28.25	
43.25	68.10	43.25	68.10	November	28.75	28.75	
43.75	69.10	43.75	69.10	January	29.25	29.25	
44.25	70.10	44.25	70.10	March	29.75	29.75	
44.75	71.10	44.75	71.10	May	30.25	30.25	
45.25	72.10	45.25	72.10	July	30.75	30.75	
45.75	73.10	45.75	73.10	September	31.25	31.25	
46.25	74.10	46.25	74.10	November	31.75	31.75	
46.75	75.10	46.75	75.10	January	32.25	32.25	
47.25	76.10	47.25	76.10	March	32.75	32.75	
47.75	77.10	47.75	77.10	May	33.25	33.25	
48.25	78.10	48.25	78.10	July	33.75	33.75	
48.75	79.10	48.75	79.10	September	34.25	34.25	
49.25	80.10	49.25	80.10	November	34.75	34.75	
49.75	81.10	49.75	81.10	January	35.25	35.25	
50.25	82.10	50.25	82.10	March	35.75	35.75	
50.75	83.10	50.75	83.10	May	36.25	36.25	
51.25	84.10	51.25	84.10	July	36.75	36.75	
51.75	85.10	51.75	85.10	September	37.25	37.25	
52.25	86.10	52.25	86.10	November	37.75	37.75	
52.75	87.10	52.75	87.10	January	38.25	38.25	
53.25	88.10	53.25	88.10	March	38.75	38.75	
53.75	89.10	53.75	89.10	May	39.25	39.25	
54.25	90.10	54.25	90.10	July	39.75	39.75	
54.75	91.10	54.75	91.10	September	40.25	40.25	
55.25	92.10	55.25	92.10	November	40.75	40.75	
55.75	93.10	55.75	93.10	January	41.25	41.25	
56.25	94.10	56.25	94.10	March	41.75	41.75	
56.75	95.10	56.75	95.10	May	42.25	42.25	
57.25	96.10	57.25	96.10	July	42.75	42.75	
57.75	97.10	57.75	97.10	September	43.25	43.25	
58.25	98.10	58.25	98.10	November	43.75	43.75	
58.75	99.10	58.75	99.10	January	44.25	44.25	
59.25	100.10	59.25	100.10	March	44.75	44.75	
59.75	101.10	59.75	101.10	May	45.25	45.25	
60.25	102.10	60.25	102.10	July	45.75	45.75	
60.75	103.10	60.75	103.10	September	46.25	46.25	
61.25	104.10	61.25	104.10	November	46.75	46.75	
61.75	105.10	61.75	105.10	January	47.25	47.25	
62.25	106.10	62.25	106.10	March	47.75	47.75	
				May	48.25	48.25	
				July	48.75	48.75	
				September	49.25	49.25	
				November	49.75	49.75	
				January	50.25	50.25	
				March	50.75	50.75	
				May	51.25	51.25	
				July	51.75	51.75	
				September	52.25	52.25	
				November	52.75	52.75	
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				July	57.75	57.75	
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				September	64.25	64.25	
				November	64.75	64.75	
				January	65.25	65.25	
				March	65.75	65.75	
				May	66.25	66.25	
				July	66.75	66.75	
				September	67.25	67.25	
				November	67.75	67.75	
				January	68.25	68.25	
				March	68.75	68.75	
				May	69.25	69.25	
				July	69.75	69.75	
				September	70.25	70.25	
				November	70.75	70.75	
				January	71.25	71.25	
				March	71.75	71.75	
				May	72.25	72.25	
				July	72.75	72.75	
				September	73.25	73.25	
				November	73.75	73.75	
				January	74.25	74.25	
				March	74.75	74.75	
				May	75.25	75.25	
				July	75.75	75.75	
				September	76.25	76.25	
				November	76.75	76.75	
				January	77.25	77.25	
				March	77.75	77.75	
				May	78.25	78.25	
				July	78.75	78.75	
				September	79.25	79.25	
				November	79.75	79.75	
				January	80.25	80.25	
				March	80.75	80.75	
				May	81.25	81.25	
				July	81.75	81.75	
				September	82.25	82.25	
				November	82.75	82.75	
				January	83.25	83.25	
				March	83.75	83.75	
				May	84.25	84.25	
				July	84.75	84.75	
				September	85.25	85.25	
				November	85.75	85.75	
				January	86.25	86.25	
				March	86.75	86.75	
				May	87.25	87.25	
				July	87.75	87.75	
				September	88.25	88.25	
				November	88.75	88.75	
				January	89.25	89.25	
				March	89.75	89.75	
				May	90.25	90.25	
				July	90.75	90.75	
				September	91.25	91.25	
				November	91.75	91.75	
				January	92.25	92.25	
				March	92.75	92.75	
				May	93.25	93.25	
				July	93.75	93.75	
				September	94.25	94.25	
				November	94.75	94.75	
				January	95.25	95.25	
				March	95.75	95.75	
				May	96.25	96.25	
				July	96.75	96.75	
				September	97.25	97.25	
				November	97.75	97.75	
				January	98.25	98.25	
				March	98.75	98.75	
				May	99.25	99.25	
				July	99.75	99.75	
				September	100.25	100.25	
				November	100.75	100.75	
				January	101.25	101.25	
				March	101.75	101.75	
				May	102.25	102.25	
				July	102.75	102.75	
				September	103.25	103.25	
				November	103.75	103.75	
				January	104.25	104.25	
				March	104.75	104.75	
				May	105.25	105.25	
				July	105.75	105.75	
				September	106.25	106.25	
				November	106.75	106.75	
				January	107.25	107.25	
				March	107.75	107.75	
				May	108.25	108.25	
				July	108.75	108.75	
				September	109.25	109.25	
				November	109.75	109.75	
				January	110.25	110.25	
				March	110.75	110.75	
				May	111.25	111.25	
				July	111.75	111.75	
				September	112.25	112.25	
				November	112.75	112.75	
				January	113.25	113.25	
				March	113.75	113.75	
				May	114.25	114.25	
				July	114.75	114.75	
				September	115.25	115.25	
				November	115.75	115.75	
				January	116.25	116.25	
				March	116.75	116.75	
				May	117.25	117.25	
				July	117.75	117.75	
				September	118.25	118.25	
				November	118.75	118.75	
				January	119.25	119.25	
				March	119.75	119.75	
				May	120.25	120.25	
				July	120.75	120.75	
				September	121.25	121.25	
				November	121.75	121.75	
				January	122.25	122.25	
				March	122.75	122.75	
				May	123.25	123.25	
				July	123.75	123.75	
				September	124.25	124.25	
				November	124.75	124.75	
				January	125.25	125.25	
				March	125.75	125.75	
				May	126.25	126.25	
				July	126.75	126.75	
				September	127.25	127.25	
				November	127.75	127.75	
				January	128.25	128.25	
				March	128.75	128.75	
				May	129.25	129.25	
				July	129.75	129.75	
				September	130.25	130.25	
				November	130.75	130.75	
				January	131.25	131.25	
				March	131.75	131.75	
				May	132.25	132.25	
				July	132.7		

Previous Closing (Prices per 100)		COPPER	Today's Closing	Previous Closing
228.0	Cash	727.00	728.00	
228.0	1 Year futures	764.50	765.00	
241.0	3 Month	728.00		
248.0				
248.0				
250.0				
250.0				

Yesterday's Closing		TIN	Today's Closing	Previous Closing
77.60	Standard	890	890	
80.35	Cash	920	920	870
83.15	1 Year futures	930	930	870
85.65	3 Month	930	930	
88.10	High Grade	930	930	
	Cash	930	930	885
	1 Year futures	930	930	870
	3 Month	930	930	

		ZINC	Today's Closing	Previous Closing
	Cash	328.00	328.00	328.00
	1 Year futures	328.00	328.00	328.00
	3 Month	328.00	328.00	328.00

		LEAD	Today's Closing	Previous Closing
	Cash	331.00	331.00	331.00
	1 Year futures	331.00	331.00	331.00
	3 Month	331.00	331.00	331.00

		SILVER	Today's Closing	Previous Closing
	Cash	331.00	331.00	331.00
	1 Year futures	331.00	331.00	331.00
	3 Month	331.00	331.00	331.00

		PLATINUM	Today's Closing	Previous Closing
	Cash	331.00	331.00	331.00
	1 Year futures	331.00	331.00	331.00
	3 Month	331.00	331.00	331.00

		PALADIUM	Today's Closing	Previous Closing
	Cash	331.00	331.00	331.00
	1 Year futures	331.00	331.00	331.00
	3 Month	331.00	331.00	331.00

		IRIDIUM	Today's Closing	Previous Closing
	Cash	331.00	331.00	331.00
	1 Year futures	331.00	331.00	331.00
	3 Month	331.00	331.00	331.00

		COBALT	Today's Closing	Previous Closing
	Cash	331.00	331.00	331.00
	1 Year futures	331.00	331.00	331.00
	3 Month	331.00	331.00	331.00

		NICKEL	Today's Closing	Previous Closing
	Cash	331.00	331.00	331.00
	1 Year futures	331.00	331.00	331.00
	3 Month	331.00	331.00	331.00

		SELENIUM	Today's Closing	Previous Closing
	Cash	331.00	331.00	331.00
	1 Year futures	331.00	331.00	331.00
	3 Month	331.00	331.00	331.00

		ANTIMONY	Today's Closing	Previous Closing
	Cash	331.00	331.00	331.00
	1 Year futures	331.00	331.00	331.00
	3 Month	331.00	331.00	331.00

		ARSENIC	Today's Closing	Previous Closing
	Cash	331.00	331.00	331.00
	1 Year futures	331.00	331.00	331.00
	3 Month	331.00	331.00	331.00

		GERMANIUM	Today's Closing	Previous Closing
	Cash	331.00	331.00	331.00
	1 Year futures	331.00	331.00	331.00
	3 Month	331.00	331.00	331.00

		THALLIUM	Today's Closing	Previous Closing
	Cash	331.00	331.00	331.00
	1 Year futures	331.00	331.00	331.00
	3 Month	331.00	331.00	331.00

Marc
 Map
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LONDON GOLD	
August 18	
Close	\$211.75
Morning fix	\$212.75
مؤثر داو جونز الوسطي	
DOW JONES	
10.30 a.m. STOCK AVERAGES	
August 17	
30 Industrials ..	\$22.45 UP 7.85 or 0.35%
20 Transport ..	\$22.34 UP 1.56 or 0.43%
12 Utilities ..	\$16.80 UP 0.43 or 0.03%
65 Stocks	\$70.25 UP 2.65 or 0.66%
اسعار اسهم	
شركات النفط البريطانية	
August 18	
LONDON CLOSING OIL STOCKS	
BP	674
Burmah Oil	76
Chequers Ltd	52
Shell	31
London & Scottish	345
London & Scottish Marine (Ord) ..	144
Ed. Petroleum	144
Portsmouth Canal, (Ordinary)	174 1/2
Portsmouth Canal, (Preference) ..	108
Shell Transport	508
T. (Ordinary)	108
Ultra	250

Ercole	320.0	323.0	Don
M Ft	478.00	473.50	Canada
son	33300	34750	France
son	14060	14500	Belgium
			Italy

[illegible]

1.3510-1.3515
2.7225-2.7240
8.4150-8.4250
60.50-60.60
1410.00-1410.00

[illegible]

1
2
3
4

[illegible]

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PAGE 12

Late News

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Yugoslavia reaffirms independence

Moscow keeps up attacks on Hua trip

PULA, Yugoslavia, Aug. 27 (R)—Chinese leader Hua Kuo-feng, nearing the end of his unprecedented European tour, Sunday conferred with President Tito on the world's trouble spots as Moscow accused him of seeking to sow discord among Communist countries.

Hua, the first Chinese Communist Party chief to venture further west than Moscow, went into his penultimate round of talks at Tito's retreat on the secluded island of Brioni, close to this northern Adriatic port.

The official Yugoslav media Sunday hit back again at Moscow's suggestions that Yugoslavia and Romania, which Hua visited earlier, were helping Peking by giving Hua a platform for anti-Soviet attacks.

To major speeches, Hua has charged Moscow with seeking world domination.

The Yugoslav Communist Party daily "Borba" spoke of "negative reactions in Moscow" to Hua's European trip and Yugoslavia's rejection of "unjust criticism" by the Soviet press.

The talks Sunday lasted three hours and Tito spoke most of the time, briefing Hua on Yugoslavia's internal and foreign policy, officials said.

The 86-year-old Yugoslav leader concentrated on major international issues, such as the Middle East and Africa, the nonaligned group and the situation in other regions, they said.

He also spoke in detail

about Yugoslavia's unorthodox system of worker self-management.

Hua, speaking for about half an hour, reiterated China's backing for the non-aligned block and praised Yugoslavia's and Tito's role in international politics. He expressed satisfaction that the two countries' relations were expanding in party, government and economic fields.

Stane Dolanc, Tito's chief party aide, and Chao Tsu-wang, third-ranking member of the Chinese delegation,

were expected to have separate talks on relations in the international Communist movement, the officials said.

The Soviet party newspaper "Pravda", stepping up a barrage of attacks by Moscow and its closest allies, declared that Hua: "Is using the opportunities that are being offered to him during his foreign tour for crude attacks on our country and its policies."

Reflecting Soviet concern that China is poaching in Russia's traditional sphere of influence on its Balkan door-

step, "Pravda" called for vigilance against Peking's activities in the international arena.

Yugoslavia, with its independent foreign policy, earlier responded to Soviet criticism by pointing to the proclaimed principle of each socialist country's right to chart its own course without outside interference.

Hua, cheered by huge crowds throughout his two-week visit to Europe, leaves here early on Tuesday for two days of talks in Iran.

Soviets say spacecraft ready to link with orbiting station

MOSCOW, Aug. 27 (R)—The Soviet Union reported Sunday that its new Soyuz-31 space probe with an East German and a Russian on board was preparing to link-up with the orbiting station.

Tass news agency said the flight of the probe and the Salyut-6-Soyuz-29 orbital research complex, on board which two other Russian space-

men are awaiting the arrival of their colleagues, was proceeding normally.

The Soyuz-31 was launched Saturday from the Baikonur Cosmodrome in Central Asia with East German Air Force Lt.-Col. Sigmund Jaehn and Soviet Col. Valery Bykovsky, a veteran of two earlier space flights, on board.

Jaehn, 41, is the first German to go into space and follows a Pole and a Czechoslovak who accompanied Soviet cosmonauts on separate missions earlier this year.

A Hungarian, a Bulgarian, and perhaps a Romanian, Cuban and Mongolian are expected to follow later.

On board the orbiting complex are Russian spacemen Vladimir Kovalyov and Alexander Ivanchenko who have been there for the past 10 weeks and appear heading for a new orbiting endurance record.

Jaehn, like his two East European counterparts a Communist Party member who has undergone two years of training near Moscow, and the 44-year-old Bykovsky were expected to join them later Sunday.

Initially they will maneuver their craft, with the aid of instructions from ground stations, on to the same flight path as the Salyut-Soyuz complex as both revolve around the earth.

Then they will move in to dock at the opposite end of the Salyut from the Soyuz-29. Some two or three hours later

they will open the hatches into the main body of the Salyut and join their colleagues.

Jaehn and Bykovsky are likely to stay on board for about a week, assisting Kovalyov and Ivanchenko in their observations.

Cambodia claims killing 50,000 Vietnamese

BANGKOK, Aug. 27 (AP)—Cambodia claims it has killed or wounded 50,000 Vietnamese soldiers, destroyed 10,000 artillery pieces and knocked out 2,000 Vietnamese tanks since late 1977.

In a broadcast monitored in Bangkok Sunday, Radio Phnom Penh claimed that Vietnamese had "completely lost the war against Cambodia."

"As a matter of fact, at the present time, every one knows very well that Vietnamese troops under the guidance of the Le Duan-Pham Van Dong clique have changed their status from a revolutionary force into hired and aggressive soldiers on the battle-front in Cambodia."

Cambodian refugees fleeing into Thailand recently have told Thai border police that Cambodian soldiers have been pulled back from the Thai-Cambodian border, presumably to be sent to the eastern front with Vietnam.

In a U.S. intelligence report circulated among U.S. officials earlier this month, analysts suggested that the Vietnamese were stepping up their use of air power to support ground attacks against what was described as fierce resistance inside Cambodia.

Cambodia repeatedly has accused Vietnam of attempting to topple the pro-Peking regime in Phnom Penh and annex Cambodia as part of an Indochina state.

Kennedy probe may talk to Fidel Castro

HAVANA, Aug. 27 (R)—The chairman of the U.S. Congressional panel investigating the assassination of President Kennedy said Sunday he hoped to talk to Cuban President Fidel Castro about allegations that Havana was involved in the 1963 killing.

Rep. Richardson Preyer, a Dem.-N.C., told Reuters he hoped to see the Cuban leader during his current visit but had received no assurance this would be possible.

He planned to leave Cuba on Tuesday.

Cuba has charged that the CIA, Cuban counter-revolutionaries and the Mafia were linked with the Kennedy killing, and that the CIA has tried to blame Cuba in order to hide those truly responsible.

The House of Representatives Assassinations Committee which has also been investigating the 1968 murder of black civil rights leader Martin Luther King, opens hearings into the Kennedy shooting next month.



TIGHT SECURITY: Security was tight but not too obtrusive in south London Thursday when the four men accused of staging the recent attack on the Iraqi embassy were taken from Brixton Prison to court, where they were remanded for a further period in custody.

Foresees defeat for opposition

Kaunda serene on presidency challenge

LUSAKA, Aug. 27 (AP)—Zambian President Kenneth Kaunda Sunday predicted defeat for his three challengers in the forthcoming presidential and general elections.

Addressing a rally of his

followers at Chililabombwe in the copper belt north of the capital, Kaunda said: "I am quite confident of winning the presidential election because I have the support of most Zambians and I am not af-

raid of opposition." Kaunda's 14 years as president—since independence—are being challenged by former opposition leader Simon Kapwepwe, African nationalist Harry Nkumbula and Lu-

saka businessman Chiluwe. Kaunda's statement follows several weeks of fusion and controversy the elections.

Under Zambia's on system, the candidate by the United National Independence Party (UNIP) conference is the so-called for president. He get 51 per cent of the al vote to be elected.

The date for the el has not been announced the general conference, which the party's ca will be selected, has be for Sept. 9-12.

A calm and co Kaunda scoffed at the forms of some of the candidates, especially K we's promise to open Zambian-Rhodesian 1 shut in 1973.

Guerrillas of Joshua mo's Zimbabwe African ple's Union are fi against Rhodesia from io Zambia.

Smooth transfer of power seen for Kenya after death of Mzee

NAIROBI, Aug. 27 (R)—A smooth transition of power in Kenya continued Sunday, diminishing fears that the last week of President Jomo Kenyatta would plunge the moderate, pro-Western nation into disarray.

After Thursday's state funeral, expected to be black Africa's largest, a successor to Kenyatta will be chosen by the Kenya African National Union, the only political party.

Interim President Daniel Arap Moi, 54, is the favorite but rivals are expected to emerge from Kenya's dominant Kikuyu tribe. Moi, formerly vice-president, comes from the minority Kalenjin tribe.

Life in the Kenyan capital has been subdued since the death of the revered leader who

ruled during the 15 years of independence. Many shops are closed for a period of mourning and the usually vibrant streets of Nairobi are hushed at night.

Thousands of people, many weeping uncontrollably, have filed through the Nairobi State House to view the body of the late president and pay their last respects.

There were fears that without the unifying force of Kenyatta the country would fall victim to the divisive tribal rivalries which have marred handovers of power in all but a handful of black African states in recent years.

The tall, reserved Moi has chaired cabinet meetings and consulted the commander of the army, the head of the civil

service, the director of the intelligence service and the police chief since the president's death last Tuesday.

He has also displayed a relatively informal style of rule compared with that of the majestic Kenyatta, eating in public restaurants, talking to reporters and appearing before the people.

The government has declared three days of public holiday, starting Wednesday, to give Kenyans from all over the country an opportunity to attend the funeral.

Monday night a motorcade of mourners, expected to comprise some 500 vehicles, sets off from the eastern port of Mombasa for the capital. Special trains are also being run from the coast.

English woman has smallpox

BIRMINGHAM, England, Aug. 27 (R)—Doctors Sunday confirmed that a 42-year-old laboratory technician has smallpox, the world's first confirmed case in 10 months and the first in Britain since 1973.

Mrs. Janet Parker, who was taken to hospital on Thursday, works for a Birmingham University medical school on the floor above a laboratory which deals with viruses.

Authorities believe her infection may have come from the laboratory, which has been closed for investigation.

Mrs. Parker's condition was said to be satisfactory.

The last confirmed case of smallpox was in Somalia in October last year.

Guerrilla camp near Salisbury said bombed by Rhodesia planes

SALISBURY, Aug. 27 (AP)—Rhodesian planes have attacked what is described as a black nationalist guerrilla camp in a tribal reservation only 20 kilometers north of the capital, informed sources reported Sunday.

Military headquarters has refused to release any details of the attack, which occurred last Thursday. The military confirmed over the weekend that a "terrorist group" was strafed in the Chinamora Tribal Trust Land.

Residents in Salisbury's northern suburb of Borrowdale reported hearing a series of loud explosions Thursday after seeing the direction of Chinamora.

It is not known if there were any casualties or how many guerrillas were in the camp.

A military source said Sunday that there had recently been a large build-up of guerrillas in Chinamora, which had resolved in a spate of ambush and landmine incidents in the belt of wealthy white smallholdings between the tribal trust land and Borrowdale.

A 15-year-old white schoolboy was gunned down in January this year in an ambush on his parents' smallholding. In Chinamora in the same month a white government electricity worker was shot dead.

Twenty-two blacks, including two children, were killed in June when security forces raided a village in Chinamora. The military said the slayings were the result of crossfire between security forces and guerrillas.



GOLDS: 15-year-old Tracy Caulkins of Nashville, Tenn. Sunday displays her five gold and one silver medals from the World Swimming championships in Berlin.

From page one

Begin

talks would open Wednesday Sept. 6, Israel Radio and Cairo's Al-Ahram said the conference was pushed back one day for the Ramadan holiday.

Yadin said Sunday's cabinet meeting had not discussed tactics for the Camp David summit.

Answering telephoned questions from listeners on Israel Radio, he said it would be the first time Israel's peace proposals had been discussed directly by Egypt.

He said that if the Egyptians were to ask Begin and his ministerial team to make unilateral concessions during the talks, these would be referred back for a cabinet discussion.

"But we shall reject them, just as we rejected a demand for the unilateral return to Egypt of El Arish (the north Sinai coastal town which Israel was reported to have been asked to return to Egypt as a gesture of goodwill last month)."

Bank and Gaza in the future. Cabinet Secretary Arieh Naor reportedly refused to distribute the plan by Professor Raanan Weitz to cabinet members because such proposals can be raised in the cabinet only by its members. Weitz is head of the settlement department of the World Zionist Organization.

Weitz proposed an immediate halt in Jewish settlement in the populated hinterland of the West Bank. He said the Palestinians should be granted self-determination to decide the future of that area. Opposition to Palestinian independence is a cornerstone of Begin's policy.

Kuwaiti

increasing oil prices substantially to compensate for the exporters' losses.

But Saudi Arabia, the world's largest oil exporter, has publicly declared it will not raise prices this year and is strongly against replacing the U.S. currency.

Sniping

can take no decision other than to fight the rightists in Lebanon.

The state-controlled radio said that the battle in Lebanon was "between the Israelis and their agents, on the one hand, and the Lebanese and their Arab brothers, on the other."

"There is no room for hesitation," the radio said. "There is only one decision—to wage the battle against the camp of enemies represented by the gangs of the (Pierre) Gemayel and (Camille) Chamoun families until Lebanon is victorious."

Britain

are holding with some who do not appear to be

laments. "We are having discussions with them and hoping they themselves recognize if they take the action, avoid us having to take."

He also recalled the expulsion of 10 member the Iraqi delegation "because I was not satisfied that actions were not respect for the risk of terrorism our streets."

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